

**VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE
JOINT STOCK CORPORATION**

(Incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam)

**REVIEWED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018



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STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF GENERAL DIRECTORS

The Board of General Directors of Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation (the "Corporation") presents this report together with the Corporation's interim consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018.

THE BOARDS OF MANAGEMENT AND GENERAL DIRECTORS

The members of the Boards of Management and General Directors of the Corporation who held office during the period and to the date of this report are as follows:

Board of Management

Mr. Le Song Lai	Chairman
Mr. Phan Kim Bang	Vice Chairman
Mr. Martyn Parker	Vice Chairman (resigned on 30 June 2018)
Mr. Pham Cong Tu	Member
Mr. Tran Vinh Duc	Member
Mr. Dao Nam Hai	Member
Mr. Pham Sy Danh	Member
Mr. Beat Schnegg	Member (resigned on 30 June 2018)
Mr. Mai Xuan Dung	Member
Mr. Nguyen Dinh An	Member

Board of General Directors

Mr. Pham Cong Tu	General Director
Mr. Nguyen Manh Linh	Deputy General Director
Mr. Mai Xuan Dung	Deputy General Director
Mr. Yves-Danil Conchand	Deputy General Director

BOARD OF GENERAL DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY

The Board of General Directors of the Corporation is responsible for preparing the interim consolidated financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Corporation as at 30 June 2018 and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the 6-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to consolidated financial reporting. In preparing these interim consolidated financial statements, the Board of General Directors is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting principles have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim consolidated financial statements;
- Prepare the interim consolidated financial statements on the going-concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Corporation will continue in business; and
- Design and implement an effective internal control system for the purpose of properly preparing and presenting the interim consolidated financial statements so as to minimize errors and frauds.

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF GENERAL DIRECTORS (Continued)

The Board of General Directors is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim consolidated financial position of the Corporation and that the interim consolidated financial statements comply with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting. The Board of General Directors is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Corporation and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of frauds and other irregularities.

The Board of General Directors confirms that the Corporation has complied with the above requirements in preparing these interim consolidated financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of General Directors,



Pham Cong Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 13 August 2018

No.: 244 /VN1A-HN-BC

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**To: The shareholders
The Boards of Management and General Directors
Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation**

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation (the "Corporation"), prepared on 13 August 2018 as set out from page 04 to page 47, which comprise the interim consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2018, the interim consolidated income statement and interim consolidated cash flow statement for the 6-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Board of General Directors' Responsibility

The Board of General Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to consolidated financial reporting and for such internal control as the Board of General Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of interim consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements (VSRE) 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Corporation as at 30 June 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the 6-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting.



Khúc Thị Lan Anh
Deputy General Director
Audit Practising Registration Certificate
No. 0036-2018-001-1

DELOITTE VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED

13 August 2018
Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 June 2018

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Codes	Notes	Closing balance	Opening balance (Restated)
A. CURRENT ASSETS (100=110+120+130+140+150+190)	100		5,129,041,333,246	5,235,413,769,624
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	4	77,725,747,818	169,817,165,145
1. Cash	111		77,725,747,818	66,817,165,145
2. Cash equivalents	112		-	103,000,000,000
II. Short-term financial investments	120	5	1,876,795,409,950	2,218,226,936,835
1. Trading securities	121		173,907,022	255,297,398
2. Provision for impairment of trading securities	122		(173,907,022)	(176,172,398)
3. Held-to-maturity investments	123		1,876,795,409,950	2,218,147,811,835
III. Short-term receivables	130		1,293,811,843,797	1,067,450,453,050
1. Short-term trade receivables	131	6	1,316,949,055,803	1,094,732,977,717
1.1. Receivables of insurance contracts	131.1		958,950,115,798	770,606,426,398
1.2. Other trade accounts receivable	131.2		357,998,940,005	324,126,551,319
2. Advances to suppliers	132		230,318,715	-
3. Other short-term receivables	136		17,774,828,727	11,039,453,311
4. Provision for short-term doubtful debts	137		(41,142,359,448)	(38,321,977,978)
IV. Inventories	140		68,821,267	59,021,267
1. Inventories	141		68,821,267	59,021,267
V. Other current assets	150		195,280,158,480	188,776,477,336
1. Short-term prepaid expenses	151	7	194,349,777,620	187,931,351,792
1.1. Unallocated commission expenses	151.1		189,668,959,944	185,674,353,313
1.2. Other short-term prepaid expenses	151.2		4,680,817,676	2,256,998,479
2. Value added tax deductibles	152		930,380,860	845,125,544
VI. Reinsurance assets	190	15	1,685,359,351,934	1,591,083,715,991
1. Unearned premium reserve for outward reinsurance	191		547,764,682,537	526,110,829,307
2. Claim reserve for outward reinsurance	192		1,137,594,669,397	1,064,972,886,684

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

As at 30 June 2018

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Codes	Notes	Closing balance	Opening balance (Restated)
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS (200=210+220+230+240+250+260)	200		1,599,929,027,880	1,236,267,171,559
I. Long-term receivables	210		22,000,000,000	22,000,000,000
1. Other long-term receivables	216		22,000,000,000	22,000,000,000
1.1. Insurance deposit	216.1		22,000,000,000	22,000,000,000
II. Fixed assets	220		4,994,876,052	7,605,175,886
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	9	4,912,238,955	5,165,764,208
- Cost	222		25,341,263,855	25,150,907,036
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(20,429,024,900)	(19,985,142,828)
2. Intangible assets	227	10	82,637,097	2,439,411,678
- Cost	228		32,434,195,934	32,480,195,934
- Accumulated amortisation	229		(32,351,558,837)	(30,040,784,256)
III. Investment property	230	11	10,355,767,050	10,983,389,295
- Cost	231		34,055,061,893	34,055,061,893
- Accumulated depreciation	232		(23,699,294,843)	(23,071,672,598)
IV. Long-term assets in progress	240		14,244,197,466	13,558,937,466
1. Construction in progress	242		14,244,197,466	13,558,937,466
V. Long-term financial investments	250	5	1,454,386,807,546	1,091,238,504,138
1. Investments in associates	252		236,579,387,948	227,722,596,956
2. Equity investments in other entities	253		470,445,070,000	470,445,070,000
3. Provision for long-term financial investments	254		(3,527,687,190)	(2,737,031,437)
4. Held-to-maturity investments	255		750,890,036,788	395,807,868,619
VI. Other non-current assets	260		93,947,379,766	90,881,164,774
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261	7	2,235,041,606	1,168,826,614
2. Deferred tax assets	262		421,202,827	421,202,827
3. Other long-term assets	268	8	91,291,135,333	89,291,135,333
TOTAL ASSETS (270=100+200)	270		6,728,970,361,126	6,471,680,941,183

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

As at 30 June 2018

Unit: VND

RESOURCES	Codes	Notes	Closing balance	Opening balance (Restated)
C. LIABILITIES (300=310+330)	300		3,902,453,156,419	3,752,806,269,003
I. Current liabilities	310		3,897,630,004,504	3,748,372,372,884
1. Short-term trade payables	311	12	1,044,828,855,959	936,307,148,265
1.1 Payables of insurance contracts	311.1		832,744,881,584	693,969,225,780
1.2. Other trade accounts payable	311.2		212,083,974,375	242,337,922,485
2. Short-term advances from customers	312		1,235,624,644	1,386,887,302
3. Taxes and amounts payable to the State budget	313	13	13,870,926,736	5,418,007,023
4. Payables to employees	314		15,988,557,608	17,387,973,271
5. Other current payables	319	14	30,997,867,925	158,941,084,871
6. Unearned commission income	319.1	14	113,830,013,596	110,592,257,769
7. Provision for short-term payables	320		583,500,000	-
8. Bonus and welfare funds	322		17,277,502,948	17,416,202,598
9. Under-writing reserves	329	15	2,659,017,155,088	2,500,922,811,785
9.1. Unearned premium reserves for inward reinsurance	329.1		831,189,167,144	794,916,072,658
9.2. Claim reserves for inward reinsurance	329.2		1,622,221,531,323	1,512,161,661,581
9.3. Catastrophe reserve	329.3		205,606,456,621	193,845,077,546
II. Long-term liabilities	330		4,823,151,915	4,433,896,119
1. Other long-term payables	337	14	2,717,137,780	2,327,881,984
2. Provision for long-term payables	342		2,106,014,135	2,106,014,135
D. EQUITY (400=410)	400		2,826,517,204,707	2,718,874,672,180
I. Owners' equity	410		2,826,517,204,707	2,718,874,672,180
1. Owners' contributed capital	411	16	1,310,759,370,000	1,310,759,370,000
- Ordinary share carrying voting rights	411a		1,310,759,370,000	1,310,759,370,000
2. Share premium	412	16	566,368,537,309	566,368,537,309
3. Investment and development fund	418	16	203,475,872,925	200,956,093,477
4. Compulsory reserve fund	419	16	131,075,937,000	126,198,339,406
5. Retained earnings	421	16	584,238,404,223	483,692,105,013
- Retained earnings accumulated to the prior year end	421a		457,476,917,613	379,807,088,562
- Retained earnings of the current period	421b		126,761,486,610	103,885,016,451
6. Non-controlling interests	429		30,599,083,250	30,900,226,975
TOTAL RESOURCES (440=300+400)	440		6,728,970,361,126	6,471,680,941,183

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	Currency	Closing balance	Opening balance
1. Foreign currencies			
United States Dollar	USD	3,038,818.67	1,364,729.41
Australian Dollar	AUD	356.83	365.59
Japanese Yen	JPY	4,545,733.00	30,911.00
Singapore Dollar	SGD	445.09	456.13
Great Britain Pound	GBP	177.91	181.21
Euro	EUR	110,934.71	102,450.29



Nguyen Thanh Cong
Preparer



Luu Thi Viet Hoa
Chief Accountant



Pham Cong Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 13 August 2018

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018

PART I - GENERAL INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Current period	Prior period (Restated)
1. Net revenue from insurance activities	10	429,206,926,466	407,735,707,604
2. Financial income	12	149,805,570,304	121,321,892,927
3. Other income	13	6,323,714,809	7,353,353,898
4. Total expenses for insurance activities	20	359,961,523,463	337,267,747,050
5. Financial expenses	22	37,856,451,446	23,391,164,484
6. General and administration expenses	23	42,876,579,118	39,854,057,250
7. Other expenses	24	1,143,626,803	1,263,879,842
8. Net profit from associate	25	23,733,302,899	17,478,540,379
9. (Loss) on pilot agricultural insurance activities	26	(377,422,391)	-
10. Profit from offshore fishing vessel insurance	27	5,340,205,520	1,376,754,621
11. Total accounting profit before tax (50 = 10+12+13-20-22-23-24+25+26-27)	50	161,513,705,737	150,735,891,561
12. Current corporate income tax expense	51	23,738,228,888	23,527,763,516
13. Deferred corporate tax (income)	52	-	(5,839,125)
14. Net profit after corporate income tax (60=50-51-52)	60	137,775,476,849	127,213,967,170

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018

PART II - INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT BY ACTIVITY

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Notes	Current period	Prior period (Restated)
1. Insurance premium (01 = 01.2-01.3)	01	17	855,576,663,450	835,786,952,867
- Inward reinsurance premium	01.2		891,849,757,936	849,409,884,020
- Increase in unearned premium reserve for inward reinsurance	01.3		36,273,094,486	13,622,931,153
2. Outward reinsurance premium (02 = 02.1-02.2)	02	18	552,095,461,677	558,673,626,826
- Outward reinsurance premium	02.1		573,771,955,757	571,480,636,781
- Increase in unearned premium reserve for outward reinsurance	02.2		21,676,494,080	12,807,009,955
3. Net insurance premium (03 = 01-02)	03		303,481,201,773	277,113,326,041
4. Commission income from outward reinsurance and other income from insurance activities (04=04.1+04.2)	04		125,725,724,693	130,622,381,563
- Commission income from outward reinsurance	04.1		114,697,470,780	119,147,928,582
- Other income from insurance activities	04.2	19	11,028,253,913	11,474,452,981
5. Net revenue from insurance activities (10=03+04)	10		429,206,926,466	407,735,707,604
6. Claim settlement expenses (11=11.1)	11		400,456,994,843	486,687,764,386
- Total claim settlement expenses	11.1		400,456,994,843	486,687,764,386
7. Claim receipts from ceded policies	12		298,430,998,009	354,712,327,722
8. Increase/(Decrease) in claim reserve for inward reinsurance	13		105,919,454,396	(28,478,663,960)
9. Increase/(Decrease) in claim reserve for outward reinsurance	14		68,877,664,264	(33,991,882,182)
10. Total insurance claim settlement expenses (15=11-12+13-14)	15	20	139,067,786,966	137,488,654,886
11. Increase in catastrophe reserve	16		6,416,645,385	8,337,877,414
12. Other expenses for insurance activities (17=17.1+17.2)	17		214,477,091,112	191,441,214,750
- Insurance commission expenses	17.1		195,974,489,445	176,746,276,260
- Other expenses for insurance activities	17.2	21	18,502,601,667	14,694,938,490
13. Total expenses for insurance activities (18=15+16+17)	18		359,961,523,463	337,267,747,050
14. Gross profit from insurance activities (19=10-18)	19		69,245,403,003	70,467,960,554

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018

PART II - INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT BY ACTIVITY (Continued)

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Notes	Current period	Prior period (Restated)
15. Financial income	23	22	149,805,570,304	121,321,892,927
16. Financial expenses	24	23	37,856,451,446	23,391,164,484
17. Gross profit from financial activities (25=23-24)	25		111,949,118,858	97,930,728,443
18. General and administration expenses	26	24	42,876,579,118	39,854,057,250
19. Net profit from operating activities (30=19+25-26)	30		138,317,942,743	128,544,631,747
20. Other income	31		6,323,714,809	7,353,353,898
21. Other expenses	32		1,143,626,803	1,263,879,842
22. Profit from other activities (40=31-32)	40		5,180,088,006	6,089,474,056
23. Share of net profits of associate	40.1		23,733,302,899	17,478,540,379
24. (Loss) on pilot agricultural insurance activities	40.2	26	(377,422,391)	-
25. Profit from offshore fishing vessel insurance	40.3	27	5,340,205,520	1,376,754,621
26. Accounting profit before tax (50=30+40+40.1+40.2-40.3)	50		161,513,705,737	150,735,891,561
27. Current corporate income tax expense	51	28	23,738,228,888	23,527,763,516
28. Deferred corporate tax (income)	52	29	-	(5,839,125)
29. Profit after corporate income tax (60=50-51-52)	60		137,775,476,849	127,213,967,170
<i>Attributable to:</i>				
Shareholders of the Corporation	61		138,076,620,574	127,567,038,027
Non-controlling interests	62		(301,143,725)	(353,070,857)
30. Basic earnings per share	70	29	1,024	945


Nguyen Thanh Cong
Preparer


Luu Thi Viet Hoa
Chief Accountant


Pham Cong Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 13 August 2018


The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT
(Direct method)

For 6-month period ended 30 June 2018

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Current period	Prior period
I. Cash flows from operating activities			
1. Receipts from inward and outward insurance activities	01	227,501,973,882	230,469,947,651
2. Payments for inward and outward insurance activities	02	(167,500,932,645)	(154,028,443,343)
3. Payments for employees	03	(22,573,910,155)	(20,332,580,906)
4. Payments for corporate income tax	05	(15,374,990,381)	(18,906,702,214)
5. Receipts from other activities	06	1,563,355,177	5,999,099,660
6. Payments for other activities	07	(20,207,433,919)	(25,292,505,568)
Net cash generated by operating activities	20	3,408,061,959	17,908,815,280
II. Cash flows from investing activities			
1. Acquisition and construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21	(922,060,000)	-
2. Cash outflow for lending, buying debt instruments of other entities	23	(659,153,945,000)	(537,700,000,000)
3. Cash received from lending, selling debt instruments of other entities	24	590,000,000,000	601,401,667,605
4. Interest earned, dividends and profits received	27	130,775,239,698	137,625,257,703
Net cash generated by investing activities	30	60,699,234,698	201,326,925,308
III. Cash flows from financing activities			
1. Dividends and profits paid	36	(156,976,649,600)	(155,381,180,640)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	40	(156,976,649,600)	(155,381,180,640)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash (50 = 20+30+40)	50	(92,869,352,943)	63,854,559,948
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60	169,817,165,145	75,029,558,127
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	61	777,935,616	365,785,229
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (70 = 50+60+61)	70	77,725,747,818	139,249,903,304


Nguyen Thanh Cong
Preparer


Luu Thi Viet Hoa
Chief Accountant


Pham Cong Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 13 August 2018

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(These notes are an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Structure of ownership

Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation (the "Corporation") was incorporated under Establishment and Operation License No. 28/GP/KDBH dated 15 November 2004 issued by the Ministry of Finance and Amended License No. 28/GPDC4/KDBH dated 12 August 2014.

The number of employees as at 30 June 2018 was 101 (31 December 2017: 101).

Operating industry and principal activities

The operating industry and principal activities of the Corporation are to provide reinsurance services, to make financial investments and perform other activities permitted by law.

Normal production and business cycle

The Corporation's normal production and business cycle is carried out for a time period of 12 months or less.

The Corporation's structure

As at 30 June 2018, the Corporation has a subsidiary namely Vinare Investment Joint Stock Company with the Corporation's proportions of ownership interest and voting power held of 63.9% and 60%, respectively.

As at 30 June 2018, the Corporation has an associate namely Samsung Vina Insurance Company Limited with the Corporation's proportion of ownership interest and voting power held of 25% each.

Disclosure of information comparability in the interim consolidated financial statements

The comparative figures of the interim consolidated balance sheet and corresponding notes are the figures of the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017. The comparative figures of the interim consolidated income statement and interim consolidated cash flow statement and corresponding notes are the figures of the reviewed interim consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017. Some prior period's figures are restated for the comparative purpose as disclosed in Note 35.

2. ACCOUNTING CONVENTION AND FINANCIAL YEAR

Accounting convention

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements, expressed in Vietnam Dong (VND), are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting.

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the consolidated financial position, consolidated results of operations and consolidated cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

Financial year

The Corporation's financial year begins on 01 January and ends on 31 December. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies, which have been adopted by the Corporation in the preparation of these interim consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

Estimates

The preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting requires the Board of General Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the accounting period. Although these accounting estimates are based on the Board of General Directors' best knowledge, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of consolidation

The interim consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Corporation and an enterprise controlled by the Corporation (its subsidiary) prepared for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018. Control is achieved where the Corporation has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an investee enterprise so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used in line with those used by the Corporation. Intragroup transactions and balances are eliminated in full on interim consolidation.

Non-controlling interests consist of the amount of those non-controlling interests at the date of the original business combination and the non-controlling interests' share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses in subsidiaries are respectively attributed to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Investments in associate

An associate is an entity over which the Corporation has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associate are incorporated in these interim financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Interests in associate are carried in the interim consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted by post-acquisition changes in the Corporation's share of the net assets of the associate. Losses of an associate in excess of the Corporation's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Corporation's net investment in the associate) are not recognised.

Where a group entity transactions with an associate of the Corporation, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Corporation's interest in the relevant associate.

Financial instruments

Initial recognition

Financial assets

At the date of initial recognition, financial assets are recognized at cost plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

Financial assets of the Corporation comprise cash, cash equivalents, short-term trade receivables, short-term and long-term financial investments.

Financial liabilities

At the date of initial recognition, financial liabilities are recognized at cost plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities of the Corporation comprise short-term trade payables, other payables and long-term deposits received.

Subsequent measurement after initial recognition

Currently, there are no requirements for the subsequent measurement of the financial instruments after initial recognition.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Receivables

Receivables represents the amounts recoverable from customers or other debtors and are stated at book value less provision for doubtful debts.

Provision for doubtful debts is made for receivables that are overdue for six months or more, or when the debtor is in dissolution, in bankruptcy, or is experiencing similar difficulties and so may be unable to repay the debt.

Provision for doubtful debts is estimated as follows:

With regard to customers with total reinsurance-related receivables balance less than total reinsurance-related payables balance, no provision should be made. In the contrary case, the Corporation will offset the reinsurance-related payables balance with the reinsurance-related receivables balance based on the principle of offsetting the ones that have been overdue for the longest time to the shortest time. The outstanding balance by client after offsetting, according to Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 07 December 2009, will be subject to provision for doubtful debts on the following basis:

- No provision is made for accounts receivable overdue for less than 06 months;
- For accounts receivable overdue from 06 to less than 12 months, the provision is made at the rate of 30%;

- For accounts receivable overdue from 12 to less than 24 months, the provision is made at the rate of 50%;
- For accounts receivable overdue from 24 to less than 36 months, the provision is made at the rate of 70%;
- For accounts receivable overdue for 36 months or more, the provision is made at the rate of 100%.

Swap contracts

Swap contracts are agreements to settle in cash at a future date based on predetermined foreign exchange rate. As at inception date of agreements, the Corporation pays an original amount denominated in foreign currency to counterparty and records this amount in account receivable. Simultaneously, the Corporation records an amount denominated in VND from the counterparty in accounts payable. Gain/loss from swap contracts are recognized in the interim consolidated income statement over the terms of agreements.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The costs of purchased tangible fixed assets comprise their purchase prices and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to their working condition and location for their intended use. Tangible fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Current period (Years)
Buildings, structures	25
Motor vehicles	6
Office equipment	4
Other fixed assets	4 - 5

Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

Intangible assets represent reinsurance software, which is amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 5 years.

Financial investments

a. Trading securities

Trading securities are those the Corporation holds for trading purposes. Trading securities are recognized from the date the Corporation obtains the ownership of those securities and initially measured at the fair value of payments made at the transaction date plus directly attributable transaction costs.

In the subsequent accounting periods, investments in trading securities are measured at cost less provision for impairment of such investments.

b. Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments comprise investments that the Corporation has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits and other held-to-maturity investments.

Held-to-maturity investments are recognized on a trade date basis and are initially measured at acquisition price plus directly attributable transaction costs. Post-acquisition interest income from held-to-maturity investments is recognized in the interim consolidated income statement on an accrual basis. Pre-acquisition accrued interest is deducted from the cost of such investments at the acquisition date.

Held-to-maturity investments are measured at cost less provision for doubtful debts.

c. Equity investments in other entities

Equity investments in other entities represent the Corporation's equity investments in ordinary shares of the entities over which that the Corporation has no control, joint control or significant influence.

Equity investments in other entities are stated at cost less provision for impairment of the investments.

d. Provision for impairment of financial investments

Provision for impairment of financial investments is made in accordance with Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 07 December 2009 of the Ministry of Finance on "Guiding the appropriation and use of provisions for devaluation of inventories, impairment losses of financial investments, bad debts and warranty for products, goods and construction works at enterprises", Circular No. 89/2013/TT-BTC dated 28 June 2013 by the Ministry of Finance amending and supplementing Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC and prevailing accounting regulations.

Construction in progress

Properties in the course of construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for other purposes, are carried at cost. Cost includes costs that are necessary to form the assets in accordance with the Corporation's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Investment properties

Investment properties, which are composed of office buildings held by the Corporation to earn rentals, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The costs of self-constructed investment properties are the finally accounted construction or directly attributable costs of the properties.

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 25 years.

Prepayments

Prepayments are expenses which have already been paid by relate to results of operations of multiple accounting periods. Prepayments comprise costs of tools and supplies issued for consumption, unallocated commission expenses and other expenses which are expected to provide future economic benefits to the Corporation. These expenditures have been capitalised as prepayments, and are allocated to the interim consolidated income statement using the straight-line method for the period over which the expected future economic benefits flow to the Corporation.

Payable provisions

Payable provisions are recognised when the Corporation has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Corporation will be required to settle that obligation. Provisions are measured at the Board of General Directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the interim consolidated balance sheet date.

Insurance deposits

The Corporation is obliged to pay a deposit equal to 2% of the legal capital, the deposit shall bear interest in accordance with the agreement reached with the bank to which it is paid and the Corporation may withdraw the whole amount of their deposit upon termination of its operation. The Corporation may only use its insurance deposit to meet undertakings to purchasers of insurance when its solvency is inadequate and upon written approval of the Ministry of Finance.

Revenue recognition

Inward reinsurance premium is recognised at the establishment of contractual agreement and following the statement of accounts agreed by the Corporation and the re-insurers. Outward reinsurance premium is recognised when the Corporation receives an acceptance statement of the re-insurer following the respective reinsurance notices issued by the Corporation. Such recognition is in conformity with regulations of financial regime applicable to insurance enterprises.

Commission income and other incomes from reinsurance activities are recorded on accrual basis. In the period, the entire outward reinsurance premium under outward reinsurance contracts signed in accordance with regulations of the applicable financial regime is presented in the "Commission income from outward reinsurance" item.

At the period end, the Corporation should determine unearned commission income from outward reinsurance corresponding to outward reinsurance premium not yet recognized in this period so as to allocate such commission income to the subsequent accounting periods. For outward reinsurance contracts with terms of 01 year or less, 25% rate method is applied for cargo insurance and 50% rate method for other kinds of insurance. For those with terms of more than 01 year, 55% rate method is applied for all kinds of insurance.

Income from stock investments is recognised upon a notification of profit-sharing released by the investee.

Interest income from deposits, public bonds, bank debentures, Government bonds, and loans is recognised when incurred.

Income from office leasing is recognised when incurred.

Expenditures

Claim settlement expenses for direct insurance are recorded as incurred, when the Corporation accepts to settle the insured's claims following respective settlement notice.

Claim settlement expenses for inward reinsurance are recorded as incurred following the statement of accounts the reinsurers send to the Corporation and the claim is accepted by the Corporation. Claim receipts from ceded policies are recognized based on the receivable amount incurred corresponding with the claim settlement expenses recorded in the period and the ceded ratios.

Commission expenses for inward reinsurance are recognized corresponding to inward reinsurance premium incurred. In the period, the entire commission expenses for inward reinsurance under inward reinsurance contracts signed in accordance with regulations of the financial regime are presented in the "Commission expenses for inward reinsurance" item.

At the period end, the Corporation should determine commission expenses for inward reinsurance which have not been recognized as expenses for the period yet corresponding to unearned inward reinsurance premium so as to allocate such commission expenses to the subsequent accounting periods. For inward reinsurance contracts with terms of 01 year or less, 25% rate method is applied for cargo insurance and 50% rate method for other kinds of insurance. For those with terms of more than one year, 55% rate method is applied for all kinds of insurance.

Severance allowance payable

The severance allowance for employees is accrued at the end of each reporting period for all employees having worked at the Corporation for full 12 months and above. Working time serving as the basis for calculating severance allowance shall be the total actual working time subtracting the time when the employees have made unemployment insurance contributions as prescribed by law, and the working time when severance allowance has been paid to the employees. The allowance made for each year of service equals a half of an average monthly salary under the Vietnamese Labour Code, Social Insurance Code and relevant guiding documents. The average monthly salary used for calculation of severance allowance shall be adjusted to be the average of the 6 consecutive months nearest to the date of the financial statements at the end of each financial year. The increase or decrease in the accrued amount shall be recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.

Foreign currencies

- The Corporation applies an accounting exchange rate of 22,700 VND/USD in the period (for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017: 22,500 VND/USD) to transactions arising in foreign currencies during the period. Such transactions are initially translated into VND using the accounting exchange rate and then using actual rate applicable on the payment date. Exchange differences arising from such transactions are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.

- Liabilities and receivables relating to recognition of revenue and expenses from reinsurance for the period denominated in USD: At the balance sheet date, balances of receivables are translated using the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank)'s buying exchange rate of 22,920 VND/USD (as at 31 December 2017: 22,655 VND/USD), balances of payables are translated using the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank)'s selling exchange rate of 22,990 VND/USD (as at 31 December 2017: 22,735 VND/USD). Exchange differences arising from such transactions are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.
- Liabilities and receivables relating to recognition of revenue and expense from reinsurance for the period denominated in currencies other than USD at the balance sheet date are translated into USD at the accounting exchange rate. At the balance sheet date, balances of receivables are translated using the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank)'s buying exchange rate of 22,920 VND/USD (as at 31 December 2017: 22,655 VND/USD), balances of payables are translated using the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank)'s selling exchange rate of 22,990 VND/USD (as at 31 December 2017: 22,735 VND/USD). Exchange differences arising from such transactions are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.
- With regard to monetary assets, receivables and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not related to recognition of revenue and expense for the period, the Corporation applies the method of recording foreign exchange differences in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 10 (VAS 10) "Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates" issued by the Ministry of Finance providing guidance on recognition, measurement and treatment of foreign exchanges differences in enterprises. Accordingly, transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction date. The balances of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as at the balance sheet date are retranslated at the exchange rates on the same date. Exchange differences arising from the translation of these accounts are recognised in the interim consolidated income statement.

Enterprise funds

The compulsory reserve fund is made up at the rate of 5% of the Corporation's profit after tax until it is equal to 10% of the Corporation's charter capital.

All profits are used to pay dividends to shareholders, and allocate to compulsory reserve fund, investment and development fund and bonus and welfare funds. The allocation ratio shall be decided by the shareholders at the General Shareholder's meeting at the request of the Board of Management. However, according to the Corporation's Charter, the Board of Management may pay interim dividends if they are certain about the profit of the Corporation.

Under-writing reserves

On 12 March 2018, the Ministry of Finance issued Official Letter No. 2713/BTC-QLBH on the approval of registration of the method to make reserves for insurance transactions of the Corporation since 2017. Accordingly, under-writing reserves of the Corporation in the period are made as follows:

Premium reserve:

Provision for premium inward and outward reserves with reinsurance contracts which last for one year or less is provided for at 25% of the inward reinsurance premium and outward reinsurance premium for the period for all types of cargo insurance (by land, seaway, waterway, railway and airway) and at 50% of the inward reinsurance premium and outward reinsurance premium for other types.

Provision for premium inward and outward reserves with reinsurance contracts which last for over one year is provided for at 55% of the inward reinsurance premiums of these contracts.

For 6-month period ended 30 June 2017, the Corporation made the provision of premium inward and outward reserves for all types of cargo insurance (by land, seaway, waterway, railway and airway) at 25% of the inward reinsurance premium and outward reinsurance premium and at 50% of the inward reinsurance premium and outward reinsurance premium for other types. Accordingly, increase in premium inward reserve and increase in premium outward reserve item on the interim consolidated income statement for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018 increase about VND 2 billion and VND 0.3 billion respectively from this change of accounting estimates.

Claim reserves:

- For losses that have been incurred and reported, the Corporation makes compensation reserves for inward reinsurance and outward reinsurance by the case by case method based on the level of responsibility to the losses that have been incurred and reported.
- For claim reserve for inward reinsurance and outward reinsurance for losses that have been incurred but not yet reported (IBNR), the Corporation applies the rate of 5% of the inward reinsurance premium and outward reinsurance premium for the period over all types of insurance.

Catastrophe reserve: This reserve is made annually under statistical method, at a rate of 2% of the retained premium rate of all transactions until it reaches 100% of the premium retained in the period.

For 6-month period ended 30 June 2017, the Corporation made catastrophe reserve at a rate of 3% of the retained premium rate of all transactions. Accordingly, the increase in catastrophe reserve item on the interim consolidated income statement for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018 decreases about VND 3.1 billion from this change of accounting estimate.

Balance assurance reserve:

Life reinsurance reserve: is made annually at the rate of 1% on profit before tax of Corporation until it reaches 5% of life inward premium in the accounting period.

Health-care reinsurance reserve: is made annually at the rate of 2% of retained premium for all transactions until it reaches 100% of retained premium in the accounting period according to Circular No. 50/2017/TT-BTC of Ministry of Finance dated 15 May 2017, which was effective from 01 July 2017.

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018, the Corporation has made the provision for balance assurance reserve with total amount of VND 116,544,348 and recognised on Catastrophe Reserve item with a separate line.

On 28 September 2005, the Ministry of Finance issued Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 19 - "Insurance Contract" and Decision No. 100/2005/QĐ-BTC, effective from 2006. Accordingly, at the reporting date, insurance enterprises are not allowed to make reserves, including catastrophe reserve, for future claim compensation if claims are not incurred on the balance sheet date, which included Catastrophe reserve. Currently, in accordance with guidance under Decree No. 73/2016/ND-CP issued by the Government dated 01 July 2016, insurance enterprises are required to provide for catastrophe reserve. Since the Ministry of Finance has not yet issued any circular guiding the implementation of the aforesaid accounting standard, the fact that the Corporation still made catastrophe reserve for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018 should be more prudent than what is regulated in VAS 19.

Reserves for the Corporation's outward/inward reinsurance should be presented under separate items in the interim consolidated balance sheet. Accordingly, unearned premium reserve and claim reserve for inward reinsurance and catastrophe reserve are recognized as payables while unearned premium reserve for outward reinsurance and claim reserve for outward reinsurance are recognized as reinsurance assets.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the interim consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods (including loss carried forward, if any) and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

Deferred tax is recognised on significant differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the interim consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and are accounted for using balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Corporation intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The determination of the tax currently payable is based on the current interpretation of tax regulations. However, these regulations are subject to periodic variation and their ultimate determination depends on the results of the tax authorities' examinations.

Other taxes are paid in accordance with the prevailing tax laws in Vietnam.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
Cash on hand	1,888,190,463	996,614,032
Bank demand deposits	75,837,557,355	65,820,551,113
Cash equivalents	-	103,000,000,000
	77,725,747,818	169,817,165,145

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FORM B 09a-DNPNT

5. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

	Closing balance		Opening balance	
	Historical cost VND	Fair value VND	Historical cost VND	Fair value VND
a) Trading securities	173,907,022	-	255,297,398	79,125,000
- Total value of stocks	173,907,022	-	255,297,398	79,125,000
+ Corporation Investment Development Thang Long Telecommunications (TLC)	173,907,022	-	173,907,022	-
+ HUD1 Investment and Construction Joint Stock Company (HUI)	173,907,022	-	173,907,022	-
b) Held-to-maturity investments	2,627,685,446,738	-	2,613,955,680,454	-
b1) Short-term	1,876,795,409,950	-	2,218,147,811,835	-
- Short-term deposits (i)	1,749,600,000,000	-	1,992,300,000,000	-
- Bonds (iii)	50,000,000,000	-	50,000,000,000	-
- Other investments	77,195,409,950	-	175,847,811,835	-
+ Entrustment investment	77,195,409,950	-	175,847,811,835	-
b2) Long-term	750,890,036,788	-	395,807,868,619	-
- Long-term deposits (ii)	388,000,000,000	-	80,000,000,000	-
- Bonds (iii)	220,000,000,000	-	220,000,000,000	-
- Entrustment investments (iv)	137,068,830,725	-	89,486,662,556	-
- Other long-term investments	5,821,206,063	-	6,321,206,063	-
c) Equity investments in other entities	707,024,457,948	(2,972,118,089)	698,167,666,956	(2,737,031,437)
- Investments in associate	236,579,387,948	-	227,722,596,956	-
- Investments in other entities (v)	470,445,070,000	(2,972,118,089)	470,445,070,000	(2,737,031,437)

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION **FORM B 09a-DNPNT**
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- (i) Short-term deposits represent deposits with original terms of over 3 months and remaining maturities as at 30 June 2018 of under 12 months at domestic commercial banks and Home Credit Vietnam Limited Company, with interest rates from 6.9 % to 10.7% per annum.
- (ii) Long-term deposits represent term deposits with remaining maturities of more than 12 months at domestic commercial banks, with interest rates from 6.5% to 7.4% per annum.
- (iii) Bonds include corporate bonds and Government bonds with the maturities from 01 year to 06 years and interest rates from 7.255% to 9.5% per annum.
- (iv) Entrustment investments represent investments under trust contracts signed with Vietcombank Fund Management, and Saigon Securities Incorporation under which, the Corporation shall bear all risks related to the escrow account.
- (v) Investments in other entities include any investments in other companies over which the Corporation does not have the right to control or significant influence. Details of share capital contributions are as follows:

	Proportion of ownership interest as at 30/6/2018	Closing balance	Opening balance
Equity investments in:		VND	VND
Petrolimex Joint Stock Insurance Company	7.03%	59,289,270,000	59,289,270,000
Post- Telecommunication Joint Stock Insurance Company	4.42%	38,416,000,000	38,416,000,000
Sai Gon - Ha Long Hotel	6.05%	10,139,800,000	10,139,800,000
Global Insurance Joint Stock Company	5.50%	17,600,000,000	17,600,000,000
Phu Hung Insurance Joint Stock Company	1.98%	8,000,000,000	8,000,000,000
Agriculture Bank Insurance Joint Stock Corporation	8.42%	32,000,000,000	32,000,000,000
Hung Vuong Insurance Joint Stock Company	10.00%	30,000,000,000	30,000,000,000
Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank	4.47%	275,000,000,000	275,000,000,000
		470,445,070,000	470,445,070,000

At the date of these interim consolidated financial statements, the Corporation has assessed and made provision for impairment of equity investments as at 30 June 2018 based on the investees' financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018. For investees whose financial statements for 6-month period ended 30 June 2018 have not been available yet, the Corporation used the latest financial statements collected for assessment. Information on bonus shares received as at 30 June 2018 of these investees are as follows:

	Par value	Number of shares
Petrolimex Joint Stock Insurance Company	10,000	353,056
Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank	10,000	2,500,000
Post-Telecommunication Joint Stock Insurance Company	10,000	381,024
Sai Gon - Ha Long Hotel	10,000	96,000

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION FORM B 09a-DNPNT
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Details of the associate of the Corporation as at 30 June 2018 are as follows:

Associate	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest	Proportion of voting rights held	Principal activity
Samsung Vina Insurance Company Limited.	Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam	25%	25%	Non-life insurance

Summary of financial information about Samsung Vina Insurance Company Limited. is presented as follows:

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
Total assets	1,764,585,947,957	1,809,160,075,008
Total liabilities	818,268,396,165	898,269,687,183
Net assets	946,317,551,792	910,890,387,825
The Corporation's share of the associate's net assets	236,579,387,948	227,722,596,956
	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Revenue	174,721,677,342	147,328,757,938
Net profit	94,933,211,594	69,914,161,514
The Corporation's share of the associate's net profit	23,733,302,899	17,478,540,379
	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Opening balance	227,722,596,956	202,802,787,058
The Corporation's share of the associate's net profit	23,733,302,899	35,530,846,532
Dividends received	(14,876,511,907)	(10,611,036,634)
Closing balance	236,579,387,948	227,722,596,956

- Summary of the performance of the associate in the period: the Corporation's associate had stable operation under registered operation sectors in the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018.
- The significant transactions between the Corporation and its associate in the period, are as follows:
 - + Between the Corporation and Samsung Vina Insurance Company Limited there are jointly enter into transactions of inward/ outward reinsurance premium, inward/outward reinsurance commissions and outward/inward reinsurance claim and dividend payment.

The fair value of these investments is determined as follows:

- The fair value of trading securities actively traded on financial markets is determined according to the closing price of the reporting date.
- At the reporting date, fair value of other investments of which information for fair value determination is inadequate shall not be determined.

6. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES

	Closing balance	Opening balance (Restated)
	VND	VND
Receivables from insurance contracts	958,950,115,798	770,606,426,398
- Receivables from inward reinsurance	570,719,395,585	406,638,207,558
- Receivables from outward reinsurance	380,179,067,415	352,996,526,545
- Other receivables from reinsurance activities	8,051,652,798	10,971,692,295
Other trade receivables	357,998,940,005	324,126,551,319
- Interest receivables on investments	85,620,235,202	97,504,409,209
- Other receivables related to swap contracts	201,696,000,000	226,550,000,000
- Other receivables	70,682,704,803	72,142,110
	1,316,949,055,803	1,094,732,977,717

7. PREPAID EXPENSES

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
a) Short-term	194,349,777,620	187,931,351,792
Unallocated commission expenses	189,668,959,944	185,674,353,313
- Opening balance	185,674,353,313	162,868,724,418
- Unallocated commission expenses incurred in the period/year	199,969,096,076	387,213,020,038
- Commission expenses allocated in the period/year	195,974,489,445	364,407,391,143
- Closing balance	189,668,959,944	185,674,353,313
Other prepaid expenses	4,680,817,676	2,256,998,479
b) Long-term	2,235,041,606	1,168,826,614
Golf card expenses	1,069,490,456	1,097,999,722
Other long-term prepaid expenses	1,165,551,150	70,826,892
	196,584,819,226	189,100,178,406

8. OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS

	Closing balance	Opening balance (Restated)
	VND	VND
Paragon Tower Project	23,283,552,000	21,283,552,000
Tincom Plaza (360 Giai Phong Road) Project	68,007,583,333	68,007,583,333
	91,291,135,333	89,291,135,333

Other long-term assets represent long-term deposits for contracts on properties purchase. The Board of General Directors has evaluated and believed there is no significant decrease in impairment of the deposits.

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Buildings, structures	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Other fixed assets	Total
COST	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Opening balance	15,170,997,037	2,980,277,071	6,714,092,474	285,540,454	25,150,907,036
New purchases	-	-	236,800,000	-	236,800,000
Other decreases	-	-	-	(46,443,181)	(46,443,181)
Closing balance	15,170,997,037	2,980,277,071	6,950,892,474	239,097,273	25,341,263,855
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
Opening balance	10,463,830,196	2,894,518,009	6,342,668,544	284,126,079	19,985,142,828
Depreciation for the period	268,980,962	42,879,531	177,050,385	1,414,375	490,325,253
Other decreases	-	-	-	(46,443,181)	(46,443,181)
Closing balance	10,732,811,158	2,937,397,540	6,519,718,929	239,097,273	20,429,024,900
NET BOOK VALUE					
Opening balance	4,707,166,841	85,759,062	371,423,930	1,414,375	5,165,764,208
Closing balance	4,438,185,879	42,879,531	431,173,545	-	4,912,238,955

As at 30 June 2018, the total historical cost of tangible fixed assets includes VND 8,686,933,712 of fixed assets which have been fully depreciated but are still in use (as at 31 December 2017: VND 7,361,530,620).

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The balance of intangible assets as at 30 June 2018 mainly represents cost and accumulated amortisation of reinsurance software.

11. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Items	Closing balance VND	Increase VND	Opening balance VND
Investment properties held to earn rentals			
Cost	34,055,061,893	-	34,055,061,893
- Building (i)	34,055,061,893	-	34,055,061,893
Accumulated depreciation	23,071,672,598	627,622,245	23,699,294,843
- Building (i)	23,071,672,598	627,622,245	23,699,294,843
Net book value	10,983,389,295	-	10,355,767,050
- Building	10,983,389,295	-	10,355,767,050

- (i) Represent the cost and accumulated depreciation of the building at No. 141 Le Duan Street, corresponding to the lease area.

According to Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 05 - *Investment Properties*, fair value of investment property as at 30 June 2018 is required to be disclosed. As assessed by the management, the value of the Corporation's investment property in accounting records has represented its fair value.

12. SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
Payables of insurance contracts	832,744,881,584	693,969,225,780
- Payables for inward reinsurance activities	281,174,526,589	226,225,807,240
- Payables for outward reinsurance activities	545,622,193,287	462,323,685,555
- Other payables for reinsurance activities	5,948,161,708	5,419,732,985
Other trade accounts payable	212,083,974,375	242,337,922,485
- Temporary Withholding Tax collection (2% of overseas reinsurance fee)	7,430,297,549	7,348,701,506
- Other payables related to swap contracts	203,227,046,000	232,719,405,000
- Other payables	1,426,630,826	2,269,815,979
	1,044,828,855,959	936,307,148,265

13. TAXES AND AMOUNTS PAYABLE TO THE STATE BUDGET

	Opening balance	Payable during the period	Paid during the period	Closing balance
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Value added tax on domestic sales	315,112,708	621,042,338	842,600,195	93,554,851
Corporate income tax	4,592,109,887	23,771,393,680	15,374,990,381	12,988,513,186
Personal income tax	412,341,746	5,687,117,298	5,425,890,489	673,568,555
Business license tax	-	4,000,000	4,000,000	-
Other taxes and charges payable	98,442,682	537,865,838	521,018,376	115,290,144
Total	5,418,007,023	30,621,419,154	22,168,499,441	13,870,926,736

14. OTHER PAYABLES

	Closing balance	Opening balance (Restated)
	VND	VND
a) Short-term	144,827,881,521	269,533,342,640
Unearned commission income	113,830,013,596	110,592,257,769
- Opening balance	110,592,257,769	112,089,806,982
- Unearned commission income incurred in the period/year	117,935,226,607	224,052,197,951
- Commission income allocated in the period/year	114,697,470,780	225,549,747,164
- Closing balance	113,830,013,596	110,592,257,769
Other current payables	30,997,867,925	158,941,084,871
Dividends payable	280,917,000	131,075,937,000
Other payables	30,716,950,925	27,865,147,871
b) Long-term	2,717,137,780	2,327,881,984
Long-term deposits	2,717,137,780	2,327,881,984
	147,545,019,301	271,861,224,624

15. UNDER-WRITING RESERVES

Claim reserve and Unearned premium reserve	Closing balance		
	Inward reinsurance reserve	Outward reinsurance reserve	Net inward reinsurance reserve
	VND	VND	VND
I. Normal activities			
1. Claim reserve	1,609,203,230,243	1,125,821,855,420	483,381,374,823
Reserve for losses incurred and reported	1,564,610,742,346	1,097,133,257,631	467,477,484,715
Reserve for losses incurred not yet reported	44,592,487,897	28,688,597,789	15,903,890,108
2. Unearned premium reserve	831,189,167,144	547,787,323,387	283,401,843,757
II. Pilot agricultural insurance activities			
1. Claim reserve	13,018,301,080	11,772,813,977	1,245,487,103
Reserve for losses incurred and reported	13,018,301,080	11,772,813,977	1,245,487,103
2. Unearned premium reserve	-	(22,640,850)	22,640,850
	2,453,410,698,467	1,685,359,351,934	768,051,346,533

In which:

Claim reserve	Current period		
	Inward reinsurance claim reserve	Outward reinsurance claim reserve	Net inward reinsurance claim reserve
	VND	VND	VND
I. Normal activities			
Opening balance	1,503,283,775,847	1,056,944,191,156	446,339,584,691
Increase in the period	105,919,454,396	68,877,664,264	37,041,790,132
II. Pilot agricultural insurance activities			
Opening balance	8,877,885,734	8,028,695,528	849,190,206
Increase in the period	4,140,415,346	3,744,118,449	396,296,897
Closing balance	1,622,221,531,323	1,137,594,669,397	484,626,861,926

Unearned premium reserve	Current period		
	Unearned inward reinsurance premium reserve	Unearned outward reinsurance premium reserve	Net unearned inward reinsurance premium reserve
	VND	VND	VND
I. Normal activities			
Opening balance	794,916,072,658	526,110,829,307	268,805,243,351
Increase in the period	36,273,094,486	21,676,494,080	14,596,600,406
II. Pilot agricultural insurance activities			
Opening balance	-	-	-
(Reversal) in the period	-	(22,640,850)	22,640,850
Closing balance	831,189,167,144	547,764,682,537	283,424,484,607

Catastrophe reserve	Current period	Prior year
	VND	VND
I. Normal activities		
Opening balance	181,562,544,622	182,721,648,752
Increase in the period/year	6,416,645,385	11,840,895,870
Use in the period/year	-	(13,000,000,000)
II. Pilot agricultural insurance activities		
Opening balance	8,876,683,166	8,876,683,166
Increase in the period/year	4,528,170	-
III. Offshore fishing vessel insurance activities		
Opening balance	3,405,849,758	-
Increase in the period/year	5,340,205,520	3,405,849,758
Closing balance	205,606,456,621	193,845,077,546

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VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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16. OWNERS' EQUITY

	Owners' contributed capital	Share premium	Investment and development fund	Compulsory reserve fund	Retained earnings	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
<i>For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017</i>						
Opening balance	1,310,759,370,000	566,368,537,309	196,247,856,004	114,427,745,725	537,098,212,962	2,724,901,722,000
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	127,567,038,027	127,567,038,027
Profit distribution to funds	-	-	2,413,910,084	6,034,775,211	(12,167,579,156)	(3,718,893,861)
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(157,291,124,400)	(157,291,124,400)
Other increases	-	-	-	-	(814,055,107)	(814,055,107)
Closing balance	1,310,759,370,000	566,368,537,309	198,661,766,088	120,462,520,936	494,392,492,326	2,690,644,686,659
<i>For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018</i>						
Opening balance	1,310,759,370,000	566,368,537,309	200,956,093,477	126,198,339,406	483,692,105,013	2,687,974,445,205
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	138,076,620,574	138,076,620,574
Profit distribution to funds (i)	-	-	2,519,779,448	4,877,597,594	(11,315,133,964)	(3,917,756,922)
Dividends declared (i)	-	-	-	-	(26,215,187,400)	(26,215,187,400)
Closing balance	1,310,759,370,000	566,368,537,309	203,475,872,925	131,075,937,000	584,238,404,223	2,795,918,121,457

(i) According to Resolution No. 04/2018/NQ-DHDCD dated 19 April 2018 by the Annual Shareholders' General Meeting of Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation, the Board of Management declared the dividend payment for the year 2017 to the shareholders at the rate of 12% of owner's contributed capital from the retained earnings, which is equivalent to VND 157,291,124,400, in which 10% equivalent to VND 131,075,937,000 was declared during 2017 and, simultaneously, made temporary distribution of VND 11,315,133,964 to the funds from the profit for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2018. The final decision on profit distribution for the year 2018 shall be made in the 2019 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting.

Owners' contributed capital

As at 30 June 2018, the total capital actually contributed by shareholders and share premium are as follows:

	Contributed capital			
	Closing balance		Opening balance	
	VND	Proportion	VND	Proportion
Owners' contributed capital	1,310,759,370,000	100.00%	1,310,759,370,000	100.00%
State Capital Investment Corporation	529,060,350,000	40.36%	529,060,350,000	40.36%
Swiss Re Group	327,689,890,000	25.00%	327,689,890,000	25.00%
Other shareholders	454,009,130,000	34.64%	454,009,130,000	34.64%
Share premium	566,368,537,309		566,368,537,309	
	1,877,127,907,309		1,877,127,907,309	

Shares

	Closing balance	Opening balance
Number of shares registered to issue	131,075,937	131,075,937
Number of outstanding shares in circulation	131,075,937	131,075,937
<i>Common shares</i>	<i>131,075,937</i>	<i>131,075,937</i>

A common share has par value of VND 10,000.

17. REINSURANCE PREMIUM

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Inward reinsurance premium	909,588,866,270	871,037,564,785
<i>Energy insurance</i>	<i>1,365,856,260</i>	<i>4,186,752,921</i>
<i>Hull and P&I insurance</i>	<i>145,376,280,935</i>	<i>119,805,859,161</i>
<i>Cargo insurance</i>	<i>62,042,381,216</i>	<i>66,236,958,895</i>
<i>Engineering insurance</i>	<i>103,629,709,581</i>	<i>99,773,793,629</i>
<i>Fire and property insurance</i>	<i>258,738,172,362</i>	<i>244,460,023,297</i>
<i>Aviation insurance</i>	<i>18,648,238,509</i>	<i>18,151,167,100</i>
<i>Other insurance</i>	<i>319,788,227,407</i>	<i>318,423,009,782</i>
Deductions in inward reinsurance premium	(17,739,108,334)	(21,627,680,765)
Increase in unearned premium reserve for inward reinsurance	36,273,094,486	13,622,931,153
	855,576,663,450	835,786,952,867

18. OUTWARD REINSURANCE PREMIUM

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Total outward reinsurance premium	582,589,957,901	581,057,352,282
<i>Energy insurance</i>	1,250,797,065	2,626,149,837
<i>Hull and P&I insurance</i>	98,806,839,619	81,865,298,121
<i>Cargo insurance</i>	11,836,641,285	15,706,601,877
<i>Engineering insurance</i>	43,156,433,285	34,989,560,467
<i>Fire and property insurance</i>	180,606,032,633	176,889,347,111
<i>Aviation insurance</i>	17,458,226,843	17,396,126,751
<i>Other insurance</i>	229,474,987,171	251,584,268,118
Deductions in outward reinsurance premium	(8,818,002,144)	(9,576,715,501)
Increase in unearned premium reserve for outward reinsurance	21,676,494,080	12,807,009,955
	552,095,461,677	558,673,626,826

19. OTHER INCOME FROM INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

	Current period	Prior period (Restated)
	VND	VND
Other receipts from inward reinsurance activities	791,864,303	514,203,132
Other receipts from outward reinsurance activities	10,236,389,610	10,960,249,849
	11,028,253,913	11,474,452,981

20. TOTAL INSURANCE CLAIM SETTLEMENT EXPENSES

	Current period	Prior period (Restated)
	VND	VND
Claim settlement expenses	400,456,994,843	486,687,764,386
<i>Energy insurance</i>	279,328,306	1,140,118,387
<i>Hull and P&I insurance</i>	66,382,196,501	31,692,354,021
<i>Cargo insurance</i>	17,219,500,315	14,438,194,421
<i>Engineering insurance</i>	53,542,405,959	64,761,421,438
<i>Fire and property insurance</i>	121,951,240,117	191,476,422,080
<i>Aviation insurance</i>	1,524,880,680	2,973,190,818
<i>Other insurance</i>	139,557,442,965	180,206,063,221
Claim receipts from ceded policies	298,430,998,009	354,712,327,722
Increase/(Decrease) in inward reinsurance claim reserve	105,919,454,396	(28,478,663,960)
Increase/(Decrease) in outward reinsurance claim reserve	68,877,664,264	(33,991,882,182)
	139,067,786,966	137,488,654,886

21. OTHER EXPENSES FOR INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

	Current period	Prior period (Restated)
	VND	VND
Other payments for inward reinsurance activities	17,966,751,000	13,910,938,774
Other payments for outward reinsurance activities	535,850,667	783,999,716
	18,502,601,667	14,694,938,490

22. FINANCIAL INCOME

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Interest on time deposits	76,458,339,216	78,645,261,389
Dividends and profits received	16,313,250,400	17,457,555,238
Interest on bonds, commercial bills	10,922,234,247	6,753,035,617
Interest on entrusted investments	21,976,783,547	-
Gain on exchange differences	23,740,138,841	13,388,777,056
Profit from securities trading	-	4,951,787,395
Interest on demand deposits	120,546,429	125,476,232
Other financial income	274,277,624	-
	149,805,570,304	121,321,892,927

23. FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Loss on exchange differences	27,644,590,987	14,664,079,967
Loss on securities trading	-	83,079,303
Provision for/(Reversal of) impairment of investments	788,390,377	(1,259,102,375)
Other financial expenses	9,423,470,082	9,903,107,589
	37,856,451,446	23,391,164,484

24. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Administrative staff expenses	27,300,323,737	26,784,195,975
Office expenses	200,974,892	151,314,499
Depreciation and amortisation	2,806,210,945	4,282,039,775
Taxes, fees and charges	372,616,834	1,070,758,960
Provision made/(reversed)	2,820,381,470	(526,133,408)
Out-sourced services	2,441,249,621	2,391,812,560
Expenses for business transactions, conferences, advertising	3,307,138,172	2,960,077,431
Other administration expenses	3,627,683,447	2,739,991,458
	42,876,579,118	39,854,057,250

25. COST BY NATURE

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	(Restated)
	VND	VND
Cost of insurance activities	359,961,523,463	337,267,747,050
Employee expenses	27,300,323,737	26,784,195,975
Depreciation and amortisation	2,806,210,945	4,282,039,775
Out-sourced services	2,441,249,621	2,391,812,560
Provision made/(reversed)	2,820,381,470	(526,133,408)
Other monetary expenses	7,508,413,345	6,922,142,348
	402,838,102,581	377,121,804,300

26. PILOT AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

On 01 March 2011, the Prime Minister issued Decision No. 315/QĐ-TTg on the pilot provision of agricultural insurance during 2011 - 2013 with objectives to help agricultural producers take the initiative in remedying and recovering from financial losses caused by natural disasters or epidemics, contributing to assuring social welfare in rural areas and promoting agricultural production. According to the Decision, the Corporation has responsibilities to undertake agricultural reinsurance under the guidance of the Ministry of Finance.

On 17 August 2011, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 121/2011/TT-BTC providing guidance on certain clauses of Decision No. 315/QĐ-TTg dated 01 March 2011 by the Prime Minister. Accordingly, insurance enterprises and the Corporation shall provide pilot agricultural insurance activities for non-profit purposes. Insurance enterprises have responsibilities to account for revenue and costs incurred from pilot agricultural insurance activities separately from other activities and any existing agricultural insurance activities. The retained insurance premium for the period, after deducting valid expenses, is supplemented to catastrophe reserve.

On 20 June 2012, the Ministry of Finance continued to issue Circular No. 101/2012/TT-BTC stipulating several financial issues for insurance enterprises and reinsurance enterprises who provide pilot agricultural insurance activities under Decision No. 315/QĐ-TTg dated 01 March 2011 by the Prime Minister. Accordingly, insurance enterprises and reinsurance enterprises have responsibilities to separately record the annual losses from their pilot agricultural insurance activities. Insurance enterprises and reinsurance enterprises shall account for losses from pilot agricultural insurance activities for the financial year in their income statements. In the case of losses incurred from pilot agricultural insurance activities, such losses will be carried forward to the following year as regulated by law. In this period, loss on pilot agricultural insurance activities was VND 377,422,391.

From 2012, the Corporation started undertaking pilot agricultural insurance activities. Accumulated loss as at 31 December 2013 of the pilot agricultural insurance activities is VND 42,015,277,691.

According to Decision No. 315/QĐ-TTg, pilot agricultural insurance activities ended on 31 December 2013. The Corporation has been conducting procedures to finalize this activity with the Ministry of Finance. The final decision on the results of the Corporation's pilot provision of agricultural insurance will be made by the Ministry of Finance.

27. OPERATIONS OF OFFSHORE FISHING VESSEL INSURANCE

On 07 July 2014, the Government issued Decree No. 67/2014/NĐ-CP on some fisheries development policies, including regulations on insurance policy for the offshore fishing fleet ("fishing vessel insurance"). The Corporation undertakes this type of insurance, along with the local insurance companies, for supporting market and performing the policies as per the Government's objectives.

On 20 August 2014, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 116/2014/TT-BTC providing guidance on several financial issues to insurance activities as stipulated in Decree No. 67/2014/NĐ-CP on fisheries development policies. According to the provisions under Circular No. 116/2014/TT-BTC, the business results of fishing vessel insurance activities shall be included in the insurer's results. The insurance enterprise shall hold responsibility to separately monitor revenue, expenses and results of operations regarding this type of insurance. Profit from insurance activities (if any) shall be recorded to catastrophe reserves at the financial year end.

In the current period, the total positive operating result from fishing vessel insurance activities of VND 5,340,205,520 is allocated to catastrophe reserve.

28. CORPORATE INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Profit before tax	161,513,705,737	150,735,891,561
Adjustments for taxable profit		
Less: Non-taxable income	(47,478,638,264)	(34,936,095,617)
Add: Non-deductible expenses	4,354,933,244	1,485,950,780
Add: Loss of subsidiary attributable to non-controlling interests	301,143,725	353,070,857
Taxable profit	118,691,144,442	117,638,817,581
Normal tax rate	20%	20%
Current corporate income tax payable	23,738,228,888	23,527,763,516
Corporate current income tax payable according to tax audit minutes	33,164,792	-
Deferred corporate tax (income)	-	(5,839,125)

29. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earning per share attributable to ordinary share holders of the Corporation is based on following data:

	Unit	Current period	Prior period
Profit after corporate income tax	VND	137,775,476,849	127,213,967,170
Less: estimated amount accrued for bonus and welfare funds	VND	3,917,756,922	3,718,893,861
Less: (loss) after corporate income tax distributable to non-controlling interests	VND	(301,143,725)	(353,070,857)
Profit used to calculate basic earnings per share	VND	134,158,863,652	123,848,144,166
Average number of outstanding ordinary shares in circulation	Shares	131,075,937	131,075,937
Basic earnings per share	VND	1,024	945

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Capital risk management

The Corporation manages its capital to ensure that the Corporation will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Corporation only consists of equity attributable to shareholders (comprising capital, reserves and retained earnings).

Significant accounting policies

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted (including the criteria for recognition, the bases of measurement, and the bases for recognition of income and expenses) for each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 3.

Categories of financial instruments

	Carrying amounts	
	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	77,725,747,818	169,817,165,145
Trade receivables	1,293,358,957,665	1,067,272,542,203
Short-term investments	1,876,795,409,950	2,218,226,936,835
Long-term investments	1,217,807,419,598	863,515,907,182
Total	4,465,687,535,031	4,318,832,551,365
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	1,037,679,475,410	1,060,034,383,759
Long-term deposits received	2,717,137,780	2,327,881,984
Total	1,040,396,613,190	1,062,362,265,743

The Corporation has not assessed fair value of its financial assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date since there is no comprehensive guidance under Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 06 November 2009 ("Circular 210") and other relevant prevailing regulations to determine fair value of these financial assets and liabilities. While Circular 210 refers to the application of International Financial Reporting

Standards ("IFRS") on presentation and disclosures of financial instruments, it did not adopt the equivalent guidance for the recognition and measurement of financial instruments, including application of fair value, in accordance with IFRS.

Financial risk management objectives

The Corporation has set up risk management system to identify and assess the risks exposed by the Corporation and designed control policies and procedures to manage those risks at an acceptable level. Risk management system is reviewed on a regular basis to reflect changes in market conditions and the Corporation's operations.

Financial risks include reinsurance risk, market risk (including foreign currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Reinsurance risk

The risks from insurance activities are risks arising from the portfolio that the Corporation reinsures. The level of risk depends on the underwriting processes:

- i) Assessing the reinsurance risk;
- ii) Pricing, assessing reinsurance ability;
- iii) Terms and conditions applied; and
- iv) Monitoring the concentration of risk and disaster risk.

The objective of the insurance risk management is to improve the quality of the risk portfolio insured by implementing the above processes sufficiently and appropriately. The risk arising from insurance activities may include:

- + Assessment on reinsurance risk is conducted inadequately, together with inappropriate terms and conditions;
- + Pricing is not reasonable with the risk insured;
- + Retrocession policies are inappropriate;
- + Claims are not properly handled;
- + Reserves are made inadequately;
- + Receivables from retrocession activities are unable to be collected.

Objectives, policies and processes of Insurance risk management

The ultimate goal of insurance risk management is to control insurance events that may affect the Corporation's financial position, equity and financial performance.

The Corporation's risk management policies are set up through establishing risk tolerances and detailing insurance/reinsurance guidelines such as guideline on treaty insurance/reinsurance, facultative insurance/reinsurance, and guideline on claim handling.

The Corporation sets up a system of insurance risk management at different levels in order to assure the effectiveness of risk management activities. The system of risk management of the Corporation is built from departmental to entity-wide levels. The Board of Risk management plays an important role to ensure collaboration and connection among operational departments, the Board of Management and Board of General Directors of the Corporation.

The insurance risk management is supervised from top down through insurance and reinsurance guideline and insurance risk monitoring standards. The bottom-up reporting procedure is also established and performed periodically on a weekly, monthly, and quarterly basis to ensure the effectiveness of the monitoring activities. Insurance risk management procedures are carried out systematically in order to identify, measure, control and handle risks to ensure that risk measurement criteria are kept within the allowed limits.

The Corporation applies various measures to detect risks including risk assessment, risk discussion in internal meetings, or experience from experts. Depending on the circumstances and characteristics of the risk which need to be measured, different quantitative and qualitative measurement methods can be applied. The qualitative method includes risk assessment by underwriting experts for individual transaction or risk portfolios. The quantitative measures include pricing and analysing the risk portfolio using historical statistical figures (premium, type of risk, loss, etc.).

The reinsurance and retrocession schemes play an important role in maintaining the level of risk exposed by the Corporation within the risk tolerance. The management thus holds responsibility to set up the risk tolerance level appropriate with business performance of the Corporation at certain period as well as approve the insurance and reinsurance schemes on annual basis.

Market risk

The Corporation's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and prices.

In the period, the Corporation has entered into currencies swap transactions with banks to mitigate foreign exchange risk.

Foreign currency risk management

To manage foreign currencies for reinsurance settlement, the Corporation undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise.

The carrying amounts of the Corporation's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the period are as follows:

	Assets		Liabilities	
	Closing balance	Opening balance	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND	VND	VND
United States Dollar (USD)	833,249,553,017	698,533,585,995	550,930,366,042	489,139,093,769
Euro (EUR)	2,954,635,006	2,523,751,486	905,800,258	827,539,173
Great Britain Pound (GBP)	5,342,936	6,037,224	12,917,912	14,242,474
Australian Dollar (AUD)	6,010,384	5,958,591	-	2,307,521
Singapore Dollar (SGD)	7,448,724	7,277,201	20,951,944	149,519,289
Japanese Yen (JPY)	1,227,282,161	279,819,268	103,912,874	94,363,993

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Corporation is mainly exposed to United States Dollar and Euro.

5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represent management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period-end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. For a 5% increase/decrease in the following foreign currencies against Vietnam Dong, the profit before tax in the period would increase/decrease by the respective amounts as follows:

	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>
United States Dollar (USD)	14,115,959,349	17,743,758,819
Euro (EUR)	102,441,737	209,416,451

Share price risk management

Shares held by the Corporation are affected by market risks arising from the uncertainty about future prices of such shares. The Corporation manages this risk exposure by setting up investment limits. The Corporation's Board of Management also assesses and approves decisions on share investments such as operating industry, investees, etc. The Corporation assesses the share price risk to be immaterial.

The Corporation is also exposed to equity price risks arising from investments in associate. The Corporation's Board of Management assesses and approves decisions on investments in associate such as operating industry, investees, etc. Investments in associate is held for long-term strategic investments rather than trading purposes. The Corporation does not have intention to trade these investments in the foreseeable future. The Corporation reviews and assesses these investments on an annual basis to provide concrete policies in order to ensure legal compliance and investment efficiency.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Corporation. The Corporation has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. The Corporation's business operation is reinsurance, accordingly, the Corporation's credit risk mainly focuses on clients operating in direct insurance. As at the balance sheet date, there is credit risk arising on the amounts due from customer receivables. The Corporation has made sufficient provision for such receivables.

Liquidity risk management

The purpose of liquidity risk management is to ensure the availability of funds to meet present and future financial obligations. Liquidity is also managed by ensuring that the excess of maturing liabilities over maturing assets in any period is kept to manageable levels relative to the amount of funds that the Corporation believes can generate within that period. The Corporation's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that the Corporation maintains sufficient reserves of cash, and adequate committed funding from its shareholders to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following table details the Corporation's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial assets and undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Corporation can be required to pay. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Corporation's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Less than 1 year	From 1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Closing balance				
Cash and cash equivalents	77,725,747,818	-	-	77,725,747,818
Trade receivables	1,293,358,957,665	-	-	1,293,358,957,665
Short-term investments	1,876,795,409,950	-	-	1,876,795,409,950
Long-term investments	-	747,362,349,598	470,445,070,000	1,217,807,419,598
Total	3,247,880,115,433	747,362,349,598	470,445,070,000	4,465,687,535,031
Closing balance				
Trade and other payables	1,037,679,475,410	-	-	1,037,679,475,410
Long-term deposits received	-	2,717,137,780	-	2,717,137,780
Total	1,037,679,475,410	2,717,137,780	-	1,040,396,613,190
Net liquidity gap	2,210,200,640,023	744,645,211,818	470,445,070,000	3,425,290,921,841
Opening balance				
Cash and cash equivalents	169,817,165,145	-	-	169,817,165,145
Trade receivables	1,067,272,542,203	-	-	1,067,272,542,203
Short-term investments	2,218,226,936,835	-	-	2,218,226,936,835
Long-term investments	-	395,807,868,619	467,708,038,563	863,515,907,182
Total	3,455,316,644,183	395,807,868,619	467,708,038,563	4,318,832,551,365
Opening balance				
Trade and other payables	1,060,034,383,759	-	-	1,060,034,383,759
Long-term deposits received	-	2,327,881,984	-	2,327,881,984
Total	1,060,034,383,759	2,327,881,984	-	1,062,362,265,743
Net liquidity gap	2,395,282,260,424	393,479,986,635	467,708,038,563	3,256,470,285,622

The Board of General Directors assessed the liquidity risk at low level. The Board of General Directors believes that the Corporation will be able to generate sufficient funds to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due.



31. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTY

List of related parties:

Related parties	Relationship
State Capital Investment Corporation	Major shareholder
Swiss Re Group	Major shareholder
Bao Minh Insurance Joint Stock Corporation	Same owner
Samsung Vina Insurance Company Limited	Associate

During the period, the Corporation entered into the following significant transactions with its related parties:

	Current period VND	Prior period VND
<u>Swiss Re Group</u>		
Outward reinsurance premium	87,725,271,669	87,252,475,960
Outward reinsurance commission	26,208,736,852	25,449,385,102
Receipt from outward reinsurance claim	50,848,559,604	47,677,397,317
Dividends paid	39,322,786,800	39,322,786,800
<u>Bao Minh Insurance Joint Stock Corporation</u>		
Outward reinsurance premium	37,438,454,243	39,815,468,223
Outward reinsurance commission	8,289,962,663	8,669,959,678
Receipt from outward reinsurance claim	22,853,307,600	25,406,766,576
Inward reinsurance premium	49,876,418,653	26,639,362,403
Inward reinsurance commission	11,394,143,875	4,212,660,917
Claim settlements of inward reinsurance	27,140,347,178	10,808,393,069
<u>Samsung Vina Insurance Company Limited</u>		
Outward reinsurance premium	(359,252,017)	10,499,927
Outward reinsurance commission	(29,996,221)	3,177,147
Receipt from outward reinsurance claim	273,001,346	903,668,993
Inward reinsurance premium	73,152,601,910	66,973,327,340
Inward reinsurance commission	16,708,077,182	13,842,880,108
Claim settlements of inward reinsurance	7,127,020,398	95,896,898,451
Dividends received	14,876,511,907	10,611,036,634
<u>State Capital Investment Corporation</u>		
Dividends paid	63,487,242,000	63,487,242,000
<u>The Board of General Directors</u>		
Remuneration for the period	3,298,699,648	3,177,576,259

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Related party balances as at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	<u>Closing balance</u>	<u>Opening balance</u>
	VND	VND
<u>Swiss Re Group</u>		
Receivables from outward reinsurance activities	23,155,266,142	21,037,953,389
Payables for outward reinsurance activities	37,408,956,164	33,499,766,053
Dividends payable	-	32,768,989,000
<u>Bao Minh Insurance Joint Stock Corporation</u>		
Receivables from inward reinsurance activities	33,814,325,662	23,731,736,600
Receivables from outward reinsurance activities	46,151,146,472	35,246,695,946
Payables for inward reinsurance activities	35,719,716,828	22,017,132,231
Payables for outward reinsurance activities	43,420,352,778	29,543,904,460
<u>Samsung Vina Insurance Company Limited</u>		
Receivables from inward reinsurance activities	30,620,585,890	8,568,987,712
Receivables from outward reinsurance activities	660,340,046	-
Payables for inward reinsurance activities	3,329,836,735	298,508,509
Payables for outward reinsurance activities	740,524,690	749,378,536
<u>State Capital Investment Corporation</u>		
Dividends payable	-	52,906,035,000

32. FINANCIAL RATIOS

Items	Unit	Closing balance	Opening balance (Restated)
1. Assets and resources structure arrangement			
1.1. Assets structure arrangement			
- Non-current assets/Total assets	%	23.78	19.10
- Current assets/Total assets	%	76.22	80.90
1.2. Capital structure arrangement			
- Liabilities/Total resources	%	57.99	57.99
- Owners' equity/Total resources	%	42.01	42.01
2. Liquidity			
2.1. Short-term liability liquidity	times	1.32	1.40
2.2. Quick liquidity	times	0.50	0.64
Items	Unit	Current period	Prior period (Restated)
3. Profit ratio			
3.1. Profit/Revenue ratio			
- Profit before tax/Revenue ratio	%	27.59	28.10
- Profit after tax/Revenue ratio	%	23.54	23.72
3.2. Profit/Total assets ratio			
- Profit before tax/Total assets ratio	%	2.40	2.26
- Profit after tax/Total assets ratio	%	2.05	1.91
3.3. Profit after tax/Owners' equity ratio	%	4.93	4.73

33. BUSINESS SEGMENT REPORT

The Corporation's principal activities are reinsurance business and investments funded from idle capital resources, which is a part of reinsurance business cycle. Investments in other business activities are insignificant. Therefore, the Board of General Directors made an assessment and believes that the fact that no report on segment information is made is in line with the Corporation's current business operation.

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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34. SUMMARY OF CLAIMS

	Accident year			Total
	2016	2017	2018	
Payment year	VND	VND	VND	VND
I. Accumulated claim reserve amount				
Claim reserve amount accumulated to the current year (1)				
II. Accumulated paid claim amount				
As at year end of accident year	28,214,742,175	35,551,785,270	1,996,403,110	65,762,930,555
After 1 year	100,190,516,120	53,088,207,224	-	153,278,723,344
After 2 years	11,157,576,815	-	-	11,157,576,815
	139,562,835,110	88,639,992,494	1,996,403,110	230,199,230,714
Paid claim amount accumulated to the current year (2)				
III. Total outstanding claim reserve (3) = (1) - (2)				
Outstanding claim reserve for previous years' losses	58,393,275,651	189,014,904,456	50,019,557,842	297,427,737,949
Total outstanding claim reserve at the period-end				170,049,746,766
				467,477,484,715

35. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some prior year's figures were restated in order to assure appropriateness of comparative figures since the Corporation reclassified deposits related to claim receipts and claim settlement of some reinsurance contracts, details are as follows:

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FORM B 09a-DNPNT

ITEMS	Codes	Previously reported amount VND	Reclassification VND	Amount after reclassification VND
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET				
1. Short-term trade receivables	131	1,094,654,677,717	78,300,000	1,094,732,977,717
1.2. Other trade accounts receivable	131.2	324,048,251,319	78,300,000	324,126,551,319
3. Other short-term receivables	136	11,117,753,311	(78,300,000)	11,039,453,311
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS (200=210+220+230+240+250+260)	200	1,213,231,242,437	23,035,929,122	1,236,267,171,559
VI. Other non-current assets	260	67,845,235,652	23,035,929,122	90,881,164,774
3. Other long-term assets	268	66,255,206,211	23,035,929,122	89,291,135,333
TOTAL ASSETS (270=100+200)	270	6,448,645,012,061	23,035,929,122	6,471,680,941,183
C. LIABILITIES (300=310+330)	300	3,729,770,339,881	23,035,929,122	3,752,806,269,003
I. Current liabilities	310	3,725,336,443,762	23,035,929,122	3,748,372,372,884
5. Other current payables	319	135,905,155,749	23,035,929,122	158,941,084,871
TOTAL RESOURCES (440=300+400)	440	6,448,645,012,061	23,035,929,122	6,471,680,941,183
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT				
PART I - GENERAL INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT				
1. Net revenue from insurance activities	10	494,523,720,809	(86,788,013,205)	407,735,707,604
4. Total expenses for insurance activities	20	424,055,760,255	(86,788,013,205)	337,267,747,050
PART II - INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT BY ACTIVITY				
4. Commission income from outward reinsurance and other income from insurance activities (04=04.1+04.2)	04	217,410,394,768	(86,788,013,205)	130,622,381,563
- Other income from insurance activities	04.2	98,262,466,186	(86,788,013,205)	11,474,452,981
5. Net revenue from insurance activities (10=03+04)	10	494,523,720,809	(86,788,013,205)	407,735,707,604
6. Claim settlement expenses (11=11.1)	11	482,969,993,728	3,717,770,658	486,687,764,386
- Total claim settlement expenses	11.1	482,969,993,728	3,717,770,658	486,687,764,386
7. Claim receipts from ceded policies	12	354,853,428,274	(141,100,552)	354,712,327,722
10. Total insurance claim settlement expenses (15=11-12+13-14)	15	133,629,783,676	3,858,871,210	137,488,654,886
12. Other expenses for insurance activities (17=17.1+17.2)	17	282,088,099,165	(90,646,884,415)	191,441,214,750
- Other expenses for insurance activities	17.2	105,341,822,905	(90,646,884,415)	14,694,938,490
13. Total expenses for insurance activities (18=15+16+17)	18	424,055,760,255	(86,788,013,205)	337,267,747,050

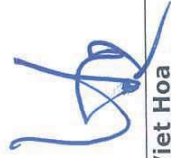
VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

36. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

There is no subsequent event occurring after 30 June 2018 to the reporting date needs to be adjusted or presented in the interim consolidated financial statement.



Nguyen Thanh Cong
Preparer



Luu Thi Viet Hoa
Chief Accountant



Pham Cong Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 13 August 2018