

**VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK
CORPORATION**

(Incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam)

**REVIEWED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION
(Incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam)

**REVIEWED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 6-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017**

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STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF GENERAL DIRECTORS

The Board of General Directors of Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation (the "Corporation") presents this report together with the Corporation's interim consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017.

THE BOARDS OF MANAGEMENT AND GENERAL DIRECTORS

The members of the Boards of Management and General Directors of the Corporation who held office during the period and to the date of this report are as follows:

Board of Management

Mr. Le Song Lai	Chairman
Mr. Phan Kim Bang	Vice Chairman
Mr. Martyn Parker	Vice Chairman
Mr. Pham Cong Tu	Member
Mr. Tran Vinh Duc	Member
Mr. Dao Nam Hai	Member
Mr. Pham Sy Danh	Member
Mr. Beat Schnegg	Member
Mr. Mai Xuan Dung	Member
Mr. Nguyen Dinh An	Member (appointed on 26 April 2017)

Board of General Directors

Mr. Pham Cong Tu	General Director
Mr. Dang The Vinh	Deputy General Director
Mr. Nguyen Manh Linh	Deputy General Director
Mr. Mai Xuan Dung	Deputy General Director
Mr. Yves-Danil Conchand	Deputy General Director

BOARD OF GENERAL DIRECTORS' STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

The Board of General Directors of the Corporation is responsible for preparing the interim consolidated financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Corporation as at 30 June 2017 and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the 6-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting. In preparing these interim consolidated financial statements, the Board of General Directors is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting principles have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim consolidated financial statements;
- prepare the interim consolidated financial statements on the going-concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Corporation will continue in business; and
- design and implement an effective internal control system for the purpose of properly preparing and presenting the interim consolidated financial statements so as to minimize errors and frauds.

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF GENERAL DIRECTORS (Continued)

The Board of General Directors is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the consolidated financial position of the Corporation and that the interim consolidated financial statements comply with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting. The Board of General Directors is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Corporation and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of frauds and other irregularities.

The Board of General Directors confirms that the Corporation has complied with the above requirements in preparing these interim consolidated financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of General Directors,



Phạm Công Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 14 August 2017

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REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**To: The Shareholders
The Boards of Management and General Directors
Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation**

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation (the "Corporation"), prepared on 14 August 2017 as set out from page 04 to page 43, which comprise the interim consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2017, the interim consolidated income statement and interim consolidated cash flow statement for the 6-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The Board of General Directors' Responsibility for the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board of General Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting and for such internal control as the Board of General Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of interim consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements (VSRE) 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Corporation as at 30 June 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the 6-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting.



Nguyễn Tuan Anh

Audit Director

Audit Practising Registration Certificate

No. 1291-2013-001-1

DELOITTE VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED

14 August 2017

Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 June 2017

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Codes	Notes	Closing balance	Opening balance
A. CURRENT ASSETS (100=110+120+130+140+150+190)	100		5,150,596,698,038	4,974,630,577,596
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	5	139,249,903,304	75,029,558,127
1. Cash	111		133,549,903,304	70,829,558,127
2. Cash equivalents	112		5,700,000,000	4,200,000,000
II. Short-term financial investments	120	6	1,841,352,533,800	2,045,815,094,125
1. Trading securities	121		369,710,848	19,154,237,103
2. Provision for impairment of trading securities	122		(217,177,048)	(325,057,978)
3. Held-to-maturity investments	123		1,841,200,000,000	2,026,985,915,000
III. Short-term receivables	130		1,290,395,346,577	961,571,460,468
1. Short-term trade receivables	131	7	1,343,645,692,364	1,017,813,026,176
1.1. Receivables of insurance contracts	131.1		932,111,971,125	671,608,358,009
1.2. Other trade accounts receivable	131.2		411,533,721,239	346,204,668,167
2. Advances to suppliers	132		200,787,589	-
3. Other short-term receivables	136		2,578,089,357	342,986,056
4. Provision for short-term doubtful debts	137		(56,029,222,733)	(56,584,551,764)
IV. Inventories	140		27,643,631	53,899,538
1. Inventories	141		27,643,631	53,899,538
V. Other current assets	150		176,650,626,844	168,059,020,152
1. Short-term prepaid expenses	151	8	175,794,405,561	167,284,562,994
1.1. Unallocated commission expenses	151.1		168,557,249,516	162,868,724,418
1.2. Other short-term prepaid expenses	151.2		7,237,156,045	4,415,838,576
2. Value added tax deductibles	152		856,221,283	774,457,158
VI. Reinsurance assets	190		1,702,920,643,882	1,724,101,545,186
1. Unearned premium reserve for outward reinsurance	191		550,835,942,686	538,028,932,731
2. Claim reserve for outward reinsurance	192		1,152,084,701,196	1,186,072,612,455



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)
As at 30 June 2017

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Codes	Notes	Opening balance	Closing balance
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS (200=210+220+230+240+250+260)	200		1,516,124,497,391	1,375,719,859,874
I. Long-term receivables	210		22,000,000,000	22,000,000,000
1. Other long-term receivables	216		22,000,000,000	22,000,000,000
1.1. Insurance deposit	216.1		22,000,000,000	22,000,000,000
II. Fixed assets	220		11,751,324,456	16,033,364,231
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	10	5,785,053,698	6,495,512,172
- Cost	222		25,150,907,036	25,150,907,036
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(19,365,853,338)	(18,655,394,864)
2. Intangible assets	227	11	5,966,270,758	9,537,852,059
- Cost	228		32,434,195,934	32,434,195,934
- Accumulated amortisation	229		(26,467,925,176)	(22,896,343,875)
III. Investment property	230	12	11,691,995,056	12,400,600,817
- Cost	231		34,055,061,893	34,055,061,893
- Accumulated depreciation	232		(22,363,066,837)	(21,654,461,076)
IV. Long-term assets in progress	240		13,558,937,466	13,558,937,466
1. Construction in progress	242		13,558,937,466	13,558,937,466
V. Long-term financial investments	250	6	1,389,214,523,489	1,243,783,596,892
1. Investments in associates	252		208,856,235,696	202,802,787,058
2. Equity investments in other entities	253		476,140,070,000	476,140,070,000
3. Provision for impairment of long-term financial investments	254		(2,701,060,958)	(3,852,282,403)
4. Held-to-maturity investments	255		706,919,278,751	568,693,022,237
VI. Other non-current assets	260		67,907,716,924	67,943,360,468
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261	8	1,232,749,596	1,274,232,265
2. Deferred tax assets	262		419,761,117	413,921,992
3. Other long-term assets	268	9	66,255,206,211	66,255,206,211
TOTAL ASSETS (270=100+200)	270		6,666,721,195,430	6,350,350,437,470

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

As at 30 June 2017

Unit: VND

RESOURCES	Codes	Notes	Closing balance	Opening balance
C. LIABILITIES (300=310+330)	300		3,945,985,885,841	3,595,005,021,683
I. Current liabilities	310		3,940,670,257,582	3,589,718,589,047
1. Short-term trade payables	311	13	1,209,700,039,341	865,492,353,438
1.1 Payables of insurance contracts	311.1		869,775,488,215	607,989,414,980
1.2. Other trade accounts payable	311.2		339,924,551,126	257,502,938,458
2. Short-term advances from customers	312		2,026,693,688	2,014,397,619
3. Taxes and amounts payable to the State budget	313	14	13,973,046,946	9,054,718,644
4. Payables to employees	314		16,754,542,156	16,045,137,270
5. Other current payables	319	15	7,274,814,831	5,981,538,353
6. Unearned commission income	319.1	15	117,468,772,615	112,089,806,982
7. Short-term payables provisions	320		313,927,669	-
8. Bonus and welfare funds	322		14,447,845,667	15,192,932,223
9. Under-writing reserves	329	16	2,558,710,574,669	2,563,847,704,518
9.1. Unearned premium reserves for inward	329.1		803,087,522,355	789,464,591,202
9.2. Claim reserves for inward reinsurance	329.2		1,554,309,609,188	1,582,784,781,398
9.3. Catastrophe reserve	329.3		201,313,443,126	191,598,331,918
II. Long-term liabilities	330		5,315,628,259	5,286,432,636
1. Other long-term payables	337	15	3,216,822,676	3,216,822,676
2. Long-term payables provisions	342		2,098,805,583	2,069,609,960
D. EQUITY (400=410)	400		2,720,735,309,589	2,755,345,415,787
I. Owners' equity	410		2,720,735,309,589	2,755,345,415,787
1. Owners' contributed capital	411	17	1,310,759,370,000	1,310,759,370,000
- Ordinary share carrying voting rights	411a		1,310,759,370,000	1,310,759,370,000
2. Share premium	412	17	566,368,537,309	566,368,537,309
3. Investment and development fund	418	17	198,661,766,088	196,247,856,004
4. Compulsory reserve fund	419	17	120,462,520,936	114,427,745,725
5. Retained earnings	421	17	494,392,492,326	537,098,212,962
- Retained earnings accumulated to the prior year end	421a		379,807,088,562	319,439,466,971
- Retained earnings of the current year/period	421b		114,585,403,764	217,658,745,991
6. Non-controlling interests	429		30,090,622,930	30,443,693,787
TOTAL RESOURCES (440=300+400)	440		6,666,721,195,430	6,350,350,437,470

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	Currency	Closing balance	Opening balance
1. Foreign currencies			
United States Dollar	USD	1,968,390.27	6,421,292.55
Australian Dollar	AUD	374.35	383.11
Japanese Yen	JPY	31,637.00	32,363.00
Singapore Dollar	SGD	467.17	478.21
Great Britain Pound	GBP	184.51	187.81
Euro	EUR	196,833.42	180,250.61



Nguyen Thanh Cong
Preparer



Luu Thi Viet Hoa
Chief Accountant



Pham Cong Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 14 August 2017

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017

PART I: GENERAL INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Current period	Prior period
1. Net revenue from insurance activities	10	494,523,720,809	505,828,766,744
2. Financial income	12	121,321,892,927	87,622,284,727
3. Other income	13	7,353,353,898	7,331,316,778
4. Total expenses for insurance activities	20	424,055,760,255	431,903,579,746
5. Financial expenses	22	23,391,164,484	8,204,578,457
6. General and administration expenses	23	39,854,057,250	38,173,831,719
7. Other expenses	24	1,263,879,842	1,432,127,927
8. Share of net profit of associate	25	17,478,540,379	12,022,266,862
9. Profit from offshore fishing vessel insurance	26	1,376,754,621	-
10. Total accounting profit before tax (50 = 10+12+13-20-22-23-24+25-26)	50	150,735,891,561	133,090,517,262
11. Current corporate income tax expense	51	23,527,763,516	22,392,489,553
12. Deferred corporate tax (income)	52	(5,839,125)	(202,607,849)
13. Net profit after corporate income tax (60=50-51-52)	60	127,213,967,170	110,900,635,558

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017

PART II: INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT BY ACTIVITY

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Notes	Current period	Prior period
1. Insurance premium (01 = 01.2-01.3)	01	18	835,786,952,867	839,133,443,191
- Inward reinsurance premium	01.2		849,409,884,020	887,188,413,967
- Increase in unearned premium reserve for inward	01.3		13,622,931,153	48,054,970,776
2. Outward reinsurance premium (02 = 02.1-02.2)	02	19	558,673,626,826	536,728,531,759
- Outward reinsurance premium	02.1		571,480,636,781	574,531,089,042
- Increase in unearned premium reserve for outward	02.2		12,807,009,955	37,802,557,283
3. Net insurance premium (03 = 01-02)	03		277,113,326,041	302,404,911,432
4. Commission income from outward reinsurance and other income from insurance activities (04=04.1+04.2)	04		217,410,394,768	203,423,855,312
- Commission income from outward reinsurance	04.1		119,147,928,582	117,724,265,868
- Other income from insurance activities	04.2	20	98,262,466,186	85,699,589,444
5. Net revenue from insurance activities (10=03+04)	10		494,523,720,809	505,828,766,744
6. Claim settlement expenses (11=11.1)	11		482,969,993,728	636,151,190,038
- Total claim settlement expenses	11.1		482,969,993,728	636,151,190,038
7. Claim receipts from ceded policies	12		354,853,428,274	467,484,148,779
8. (Decrease) in claim reserve for inward reinsurance	13		(28,478,663,960)	(125,045,416,249)
9. (Decrease) in claim reserve for outward reinsurance	14		(33,991,882,182)	(105,542,790,786)
10. Total insurance claim settlement expenses (15=11-12+13-14)	15	21	133,629,783,676	149,164,415,796
11. Increase in catastrophe reserve	16		8,337,877,414	9,379,719,747
12. Other expenses for insurance activities (17=17.1+17.2)	17		282,088,099,165	273,359,444,203
- Insurance commission expenses	17.1		176,746,276,260	180,096,844,070
- Other expenses for insurance activities	17.2	22	105,341,822,905	93,262,600,133
13. Total expenses for insurance activities (18=15+16+17)	18		424,055,760,255	431,903,579,746
14. Gross profit from insurance activities (19=10-18)	19		70,467,960,554	73,925,186,998

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017

PART II: INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT BY ACTIVITY (Continued)

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes Notes		Current year	Prior year
15. Financial income	23	23	121,321,892,927	87,622,284,727
16. Financial expenses	24	24	23,391,164,484	8,204,578,457
17. Gross profit from financial activities (25=23-24)	25		97,930,728,443	79,417,706,270
18. General and administration expenses	26	25	39,854,057,250	38,173,831,719
19. Net profit from operating activities (30=19+25-26)	30		128,544,631,747	115,169,061,549
20. Other income	31		7,353,353,898	7,331,316,778
21. Other expenses	32		1,263,879,842	1,432,127,927
22. Profit from other activities (40=31-32)	40		6,089,474,056	5,899,188,851
23. Share of net profits of associate	40.1		17,478,540,379	12,022,266,862
24. Profit from offshore fishing vessel insurance	40.2	28	1,376,754,621	-
25. Accounting profit before tax (50=30+40+40.1-40.2)	50		150,735,891,561	133,090,517,262
26. Current corporate income tax expense	51	29	23,527,763,516	22,392,489,553
27. Deferred corporate tax (income)	52	29	(5,839,125)	(202,607,849)
28. Profit after corporate income tax (60=50-51-52)	60		127,213,967,170	110,900,635,558
<i>Attributable to:</i>				
Shareholders of the Corporation	61		127,567,038,027	111,085,920,267
Non-controlling interests	62		(353,070,857)	(185,284,709)
29. Basic earnings per share	70	30	945	821


Nguyen Thanh Cong
Preparer


Luu Thi Viet Hoa
Chief Accountant


Pham Cong Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 14 August 2017

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT
(Direct method)

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Current period	Prior period
I. Cash flows from operating activities			
1. Receipts from inward and outward insurance activities	01	230,469,947,651	300,794,188,219
2. Payments for inward and outward insurance activities	02	(154,028,443,343)	(218,547,742,360)
3. Payments for employees	03	(20,332,580,906)	(17,850,803,489)
4. Payments for corporate income tax	05	(18,906,702,214)	(17,404,494,667)
5. Receipts from other activities	06	5,999,099,660	1,647,392,524
6. Payments for other activities	07	(25,292,505,568)	(15,030,356,710)
Net cash generated by operating activities	20	17,908,815,280	33,608,183,517
II. Cash flows from investing activities			
1. Cash outflow for lending, buying debt instruments of other entities	23	(537,700,000,000)	(939,480,970,000)
2. Cash recovered from lending, selling debt instrument of other entities	24	601,401,667,605	878,200,000,000
3. Equity investments in other entities	25	-	(4,139,800,000)
4. Interest earned, dividends and profits received	27	137,625,257,703	134,387,286,669
Net cash generated from investing activities	30	201,326,925,308	68,966,516,669
III. Cash flows from financing activities			
1. Dividends and profits paid	36	(155,381,180,640)	(64,749,256,025)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	40	(155,381,180,640)	(64,749,256,025)
Net increase in cash (50 = 20+30+40)	50	63,854,559,948	37,825,444,161
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60	75,029,558,127	215,489,620,218
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	61	365,785,229	(847,769,801)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (70 = 50+60+61)	70	139,249,903,304	252,467,294,578


Nguyen Thanh Cong
Preparer


Luu Thi Viet Hoa
Chief Accountant


Pham Cong Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 11 August 2017

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes are an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements

1. GENERAL INFORMATION**Structure of ownership**

Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation (the "Corporation") was incorporated under Establishment and Operation License No. 28/GP/KDBH dated 15 November 2004 issued by the Ministry of Finance and Amended License No. 28/GPDC4/KDBH dated 12 August 2014.

The number of employees as at 30 June 2017 was 100 (as at 31 December 2016: 100).

Operating industry and principal activities

The operating industry and principal activities of the Corporation are to provide reinsurance services, to make financial investments and perform other activities permitted by law.

Normal production and business cycle

The Corporation's normal production and business cycle is carried out for a time period of 12 months or less.

The Corporation's structure

As at 30 June 2017, the Corporation has a subsidiary namely Vinare Investment Joint Stock Company with the Corporation's proportions of ownership interest and voting power held of 63.9% and 60%, respectively.

As at 30 June 2017, the Corporation has an associate namely Samsung Vina Insurance Ltd with the Corporation's proportion of ownership interest and voting power held of 25% each.

Disclosure of information comparability in the interim consolidated financial statements

The comparative figures of the interim consolidated balance sheet and corresponding notes are the figures of the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016. The comparative figures of the interim consolidated income statement, interim consolidated cash flow statement and corresponding notes are the figures of the reviewed interim consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2016.

2. ACCOUNTING CONVENTION AND FINANCIAL YEAR**Accounting convention**

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements, expressed in Vietnam Dong (VND), are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting.

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the consolidated financial position, consolidated results of operations and consolidated cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

Financial year

The Corporation's financial year begins on 01 January and ends on 31 December. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017.

3. NEW GUIDANCE ISSUED BUT NOT YET ADOPTED

On 15 May 2017, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 50/2017/TT-BTC ("Circular 50") guiding the Government's Decree No. 73/2016/ND-CP dated 01 July 2016 on details of the implementation of the Law on insurance business and the Law on amendments to certain articles of the Law on insurance business. Circular 50 is effective from 01 July 2017. The Board of General Directors is considering the extent of impact of the adoption of Circular 50 on the Corporation's financial statements for future accounting periods.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies, which have been adopted by the Corporation in the preparation of these interim consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

Estimates

The preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to Vietnamese insurance enterprises and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting requires the Board of General Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the accounting period. Although these accounting estimates are based on the Board of General Directors' best knowledge, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of consolidation

The interim consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Corporation and an enterprise controlled by the Corporation (its subsidiary) prepared for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017. Control is achieved where the Corporation has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an investee enterprise so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the interim consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used in line with those used by the Corporation. Intragroup transactions and balances are eliminated in full on interim consolidation.

Non-controlling interests consist of the amount of those non-controlling interests at the date of the original business combination and the non-controlling interests' share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses in subsidiaries are respectively attributed to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Corporation has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in joint venture. Significant influence is the power to

participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associate are incorporated in these interim financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Interests in associate are carried in the interim consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted by post-acquisition changes in the Corporation's share of the net assets of the associate. Losses of an associate in excess of the Corporation's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Corporation's net investment in the associate) are not recognised.

Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Corporation, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Corporation's interest in the relevant associate.

Financial instruments

Initial recognition

Financial assets

At the date of initial recognition, financial assets are recognized at cost plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

Financial assets of the Corporation comprise cash, cash equivalents, short-term trade receivables, claim reserve for outward reinsurance and short-term and other long-term financial investments than investment in subsidiaries and associates.

Financial liabilities

At the date of initial recognition, financial liabilities are recognized at cost plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities of the Corporation comprise short-term trade payables, other short-term payables, claim reserve for inward reinsurance and long-term deposits received.

Subsequent measurement after initial recognition

Currently, there are no requirements for the subsequent measurement of the financial instruments after initial recognition.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Receivables

Receivables represents the amounts recoverable from customers or other debtors and are stated at book value less provision for doubtful debts.

Provision for doubtful debts is made for receivables that are overdue for six months or more, or when the debtor is in dissolution, in bankruptcy, or is experiencing similar difficulties and so may be unable to repay the debt.

Provision for doubtful debts is estimated as follows:

With regard to customers with total reinsurance-related receivables balance less than total reinsurance-related payables balance, no provision should be made. In the contrary case, the

Corporation will offset the reinsurance-related payables balance with the reinsurance-related receivables balance based on the principle of offsetting the ones that have been overdue for the longest time to the shortest time. The outstanding balance by client after offset, according to Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 07 December 2009, will be subject to provision for doubtful debts on the following basis:

- No provision is made for accounts receivable overdue for less than 06 months;
- For accounts receivable overdue from 06 to less than 12 months, the provision is made at the rate of 30%;
- For accounts receivable overdue from 12 to less than 24 months, the provision is made at the rate of 50%;
- For accounts receivable overdue from 24 to less than 36 months, the provision is made at the rate of 70%;
- For accounts receivable overdue for 36 months or more, the provision is made at the rate of 100%.

Swap contracts

Swap contracts are agreements to settle in cash at a future date based on determined foreign exchange rate. As at inception date of agreements, the Corporation pays an original amount denominated in foreign currency to counterparty and records this amount in account receivable. Concurrently, the Corporation records an amount denominated in VND from the counterparty in accounts payable. Gain/loss from swap contracts are recognized in the interim consolidated income statement over the terms of agreements.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The costs of purchased tangible fixed assets comprise their purchase prices and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to their working condition and location for their intended use. Tangible fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Current period (Years)
Buildings, structures	25
Motor vehicles	6
Office equipment	4
Other fixed assets	4 - 5

Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

Intangible assets represent reinsurance software, which is amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 5 years.

Financial investments

a. Trading securities

Trading securities are securities held by the Corporation for trading purposes. Trading securities are recognized from the date the Corporation obtains the ownership of those securities and initially measured at the fair value of payments made at the transaction date plus directly attributable transaction costs.

In the subsequent accounting periods, investments in trading securities are measured at cost less provision for impairment of such investments.

b. Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments comprise investments that the Corporation has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits and other held-to-maturity investments.

Held-to-maturity investments are recognized on a trade date basis and are initially measured at acquisition price plus directly attributable transaction costs. Post-acquisition interest income from held-to-maturity investments is recognized in the interim consolidated income statement on an accrual basis. Pre-acquisition accrued interest is deducted from the cost of such investments at the acquisition date.

Held-to-maturity investments are measured at cost less provision for doubtful debts.

c. Equity investments in other entities

Equity investments in other entities represent the Corporation's equity investments in ordinary shares of the entities over which that the Corporation has no control, joint control or significant influence.

Equity investments in other entities are stated at cost less provision for impairment of the investments.

d. Provision for financial investments

Provision for financial investments are made in accordance with Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 07 December 2009 of the Ministry of Finance on "Guiding the appropriation and use of provisions for devaluation of inventories, impairment losses of financial investments, bad debts and warranty for products, goods and construction works at enterprises", Circular No. 89/2013/TT-BTC dated 28 June 2013 by the Ministry of Finance amending and supplementing Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC and prevailing accounting regulations.

Construction in progress

Properties in the course of construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for other purposes, are carried at cost. Cost includes costs that are necessary to form the assets in accordance with the Corporation's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Investment properties

Investment properties, which are composed of office buildings held by the Corporation to earn rentals, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The costs of self-constructed investment properties are the finally accounted construction or directly attributable costs of the properties.

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 25 years.

Prepayments

Prepayments are expenses which have already been paid but relate to results of operations of multiple accounting periods. Prepayments comprise costs of tools and supplies issued for consumption, unallocated commission expenses and other expenses which are expected to provide future economic benefits to the Corporation. These expenditures have been capitalised as prepayments, and are allocated to the interim consolidated income statement using the straight-line method for the period over which the expected future economic benefits flow to the Corporation.

Payable provisions

Payable provisions are recognised when the Corporation has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Corporation will be required to settle that obligation. Provisions are measured at the Board of General Directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the interim consolidated balance sheet date.

Insurance deposits

The Corporation is obliged to pay a deposit equal to 2% of the legal capital, the deposit shall bear interest in accordance with the agreement reached with the bank to which it is paid and the Corporation may withdraw the whole amount of their deposit upon termination of its operation. The Corporation may only use its insurance deposit to meet undertakings to purchasers of insurance when its solvency is inadequate and upon written approval of the Ministry of Finance.

Revenue recognition

Inward reinsurance premium is recognised at the establishment of contractual agreement and following the statement of accounts agreed by the Corporation and the re-insurers. Outward reinsurance premium is recognised when the Corporation receives an acceptance statement of the re-insurer following the respective reinsurance notices issued by the Corporation. Such recognition is in conformity with regulations of financial regime applicable to insurance enterprises.

Commission income and other incomes from reinsurance activities are recorded on accrual basis. In the period, the entire outward reinsurance premium under outward reinsurance contracts signed in accordance with regulations of the applicable financial regime is presented in the item "Commission income from outward reinsurance".

At the period end, the Corporation should determine unearned commission income from outward reinsurance corresponding to outward reinsurance premium not yet recognized in this period so as to allocate such commission income to the subsequent accounting periods under 25% rate method for cargo insurance and 50% rate method for other kinds of insurance.

Income from stock investments is recognised upon a notification of profit-sharing released by the investee.

Interest income from deposits, public bonds, bank debentures, Government bonds, and loans is recognised when incurred.

Income from office leasing is recognised when incurred.

Expenditures

Claim settlement expenses for direct insurance are recorded as incurred, when the Corporation accepts to settle the insured's claims following respective settlement notice.

Claim settlement expenses for inward reinsurance are recorded as incurred following the statement of accounts the reinsurers send to the Corporation and the claim is accepted by the Corporation. Claim receipts from ceded policies are recognized based on the receivable amount incurred corresponding with the claim settlement expenses recorded in the period and the ceded ratios.

Commission expenses for inward reinsurance are recognized corresponding to inward reinsurance premium incurred. In the period, the entire commission expenses for inward reinsurance under inward reinsurance contracts signed in accordance with regulations of the financial regime are presented in the "Commission expenses for inward reinsurance" items.

At the period end, the Corporation should determine commission expenses for inward reinsurance which have not been recognized as expenses for the period yet corresponding to unearned inward reinsurance premium so as to allocate such commission expenses to the subsequent accounting periods under 25% rate method for cargo insurance and 50% rate method for other kinds of insurance.

Other income and expenses relating to insurance activities

With respect to deposits arising from reinsurance contracts, other incomes from insurance activities are recognized when the Corporation receives the deposits and other expenses for insurance activities are recognized when the deposits are returned.

Severance allowance payable

The severance allowance for employees is accrued at the end of each reporting period for all employees having worked at the Corporation for full 12 months and above. Working time serving as the basis for calculating severance allowance shall be the total actual working time subtracting the time when the employees have made unemployment insurance contributions as prescribed by law, and the working time when severance allowance has been paid to the employees. The allowance made for each year of service equals a half of an average monthly salary under the Vietnamese Labour Code, Social Insurance Code and relevant guiding documents. The average monthly salary used for calculation of severance allowance shall be adjusted to be the average of the 6 consecutive months nearest to the date of the financial statements at the end of each financial year. The increase or decrease in the accrued amount shall be recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.

Foreign currencies

- The Corporation applies an accounting exchange rate of 22,500 VND/USD in the period (for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2016: 22,500 VND/USD) to transactions arising in foreign currencies during the period. Such transactions are initially translated into VND using the accounting exchange rate and then using actual rate applicable on the payment date. Such exchange differences are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.

- Liabilities and receivables relating to recognition of revenue and expenses from reinsurance for the period denominated in USD: At the balance sheet date, balances of receivables are translated using the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank)'s buying exchange rate of 22,700 VND/USD (as at 31 December 2016: 22,715 VND/USD), balances of payables are translated using the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank)'s selling exchange rate of 22,770 VND/USD (as at 31 December 2016: 22,785 VND/USD). Such exchange differences are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.
- Liabilities and receivables relating to recognition of revenue and expense from reinsurance for the period denominated in currencies other than USD at the balance sheet date are translated into USD at the accounting exchange rate as follow: At the balance sheet date, balances of receivables are translated using the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank)'s buying exchange rate of 22,700 VND/USD (as at 31 December 2016: 22,715 VND/USD), balances of payables are translated using the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank)'s selling exchange rate of 22,770 VND/USD (as at 31 December 2016: 22,785 VND/USD). Such exchange differences are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.
- With regard to monetary assets, receivables and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not related to recognition of revenue and expense for the period, the Corporation applies the method of recording foreign exchange differences in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 10 (VAS 10) "Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates" issued by the Ministry of Finance providing guidance on recognition, measurement and treatment of foreign exchanges differences in enterprises. Accordingly, transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction date. The balances of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as at the balance sheet date are retranslated at the exchange rates on the same date. Exchange differences arising from the translation of these accounts are recognised in the interim consolidated income statement.

Enterprise funds

The compulsory interim reserve fund is made up at the rate of 5% of the Corporation's profit after tax until it is equal to 10% of the Corporation's charter capital.

All profits are used to pay dividends to shareholders, allocate to compulsory reserve fund, investment and development fund and bonus and welfare funds. The allocation ratio shall be decided by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' meeting at the request of the Board of Management. However, according to the Corporation's Charter, the Board of Management may pay interim dividends if they are certain about the profit of the Corporation.

Under-writing reserves

On 19 April 2012, the Ministry of Finance issued Official Letter No. 5297/BTC-QLBH on the registration of the method to make reserves for insurance transactions of the Corporation since 2012. Accordingly, under-writing reserves of the Corporation in the period are made as follows:

Premium reserve: This reserve is provided for at 25% of the inward reinsurance premium and outward reinsurance premium for the period for all types of cargo insurance (by land, seaway, waterway, railway and airway) and at 50% of the inward reinsurance premium and outward reinsurance premium for other types.

Claim reserves:

- For losses that have been incurred and reported, the Corporation makes compensation reserves for inward reinsurance and outward reinsurance by the case-by-case method based on the level of responsibility to losses that have been incurred and reported.
- For claim reserve for inward reinsurance and outward reinsurance for losses that have been incurred but not yet reported (IBNR), the Corporation applies the rate of 5% of the inward reinsurance premium and outward reinsurance premium over all types of insurance.

Catastrophe reserve: This reserve is made annually under statistical method (at a rate of 3% of the retained premium rate of all transactions) until it reaches 100% of the premium retained in the period in accordance with Decree No. 73/2016/ND-CP issued by the Government dated 01 July 2016.

On 28 September 2005, the Ministry of Finance issued Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 19 - "Insurance Contract" and Decision No. 100/2005/QĐ-BTC, effective from 2006. Accordingly, at the reporting date, insurance enterprises are not allowed to make reserves, including catastrophe reserve, for future claim compensation if claims are not incurred on the balance sheet date, which included Catastrophe reserve. Currently, in accordance with guidance under Decree No. 73/2016/ND-CP issued by the Government dated 01 July 2016, insurance enterprises are required to provide for catastrophe reserve. Since the Ministry of Finance has not yet issued any circular guiding the implementation of the aforesaid accounting standard, the fact that the Corporation still made catastrophe reserve for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017 should be more prudent than what is regulated in VAS 19.

Reserves for the Corporation's outward/inward reinsurance should be presented under separate items in the interim consolidated balance sheet. Accordingly, unearned premium reserve and claim reserve for inward reinsurance and catastrophe reserve are recognized as payables while unearned premium reserve for outward reinsurance and claim reserve for outward reinsurance are recognized as reinsurance assets.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the interim consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods (including loss carried forward, if any) and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

Deferred tax is recognised on significant differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the interim consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Corporation intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The determination of the tax currently payable is based on the current interpretation of tax regulations. However, these regulations are subject to periodic variation and their ultimate determination depends on the results of the tax authorities' examinations.

Other taxes are paid in accordance with the prevailing tax laws in Vietnam.

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
Cash on hand	2,844,221,626	2,168,042,373
Bank demand deposits	130,705,681,678	68,661,515,754
Cash equivalents	5,700,000,000	4,200,000,000
	139,249,903,304	75,029,558,127

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FORM B 09a-DNPNT

6. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

	Closing balance			Opening balance		
	Historical cost VND	Fair value VND	Provision VND	Historical cost VND	Fair value VND	Provision VND
a) Trading securities	369,710,848	152,533,800	(217,177,048)	19,154,237,103	18,829,179,125	(325,057,978)
- Total value of stocks	369,710,848	152,533,800	(217,177,048)	19,154,237,103	18,829,179,125	(325,057,978)
+ Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank (MBB)	-	-	-	9,493,272,330	9,422,700,000	(70,572,330)
+ FPT Joint Stock Company (FPT)	-	-	-	9,291,055,275	9,291,055,275	-
+ Others	369,710,848	152,533,800	(217,177,048)	369,909,498	115,423,850	(254,485,648)
b) Held-to-maturity investments	2,548,119,278,751			2,595,678,937,237		(1,893,633,934)
b1) Short-term	1,841,200,000,000			2,026,985,915,000		-
- Short-term deposits (i)	1,841,200,000,000		-	2,026,985,915,000		-
b2) Long-term	706,919,278,751			568,693,022,237		(1,893,633,934)
- Long-term deposits (ii)	325,000,000,000		-	185,000,000,000		-
- Bonds (iii)	170,000,000,000		-	170,000,000,000		-
- Entrustment investments (iv)	205,598,072,688		-	207,371,816,174		(1,893,633,934)
- Other long-term investments	6,321,206,063		-	6,321,206,063		-
c) Equity investments in other entities	684,996,305,696		(2,701,060,958)	678,942,857,058		(1,958,648,469)
- Investments in associate	208,856,235,696		-	202,802,787,058		-
- Investments in other entities (v)	476,140,070,000		(2,701,060,958)	476,140,070,000		(1,958,648,469)

- (i) Short-term deposits represent deposits with original terms of over 3 months and remaining maturities as at 30 June 2017 of under 12 months at domestic commercial banks, with interest rates from 6.6 % to 7.5% per annum.
- (ii) Long-term deposits represent term deposits with terms of more than 12 months at domestic commercial banks and Home Credit Vietnam Limited Company, with interest rates from 6.9% to 10.2% per annum.
- (iii) Bonds include corporate bonds and Government bonds with the maturities from 01 year to 06 years and interest rates from 7.255% to 9.5% per annum.
- (iv) Entrustment investments represent investments under trust contracts signed with Vietcombank Fund Management, Bao Viet Fund Management Co., Ltd. and Saigon Securities Incorporation under which, the Corporation shall bear all risks related to the escrow account.
- (v) Investments in other entities include any investments in other companies over which the Corporation does not have the right to control or significant influence. Details of share capital contributions are as follows:

Equity investments in:	Proportion of ownership interest as at 30/6/2017	Closing balance	Opening balance
		VND	VND
Petrolimex Joint Stock Insurance Company	8.76%	59,289,270,000	59,289,270,000
Post- Telecommunication Joint Stock Insurance Company	4.42%	38,416,000,000	38,416,000,000
Sai Gon - Ha Long Hotel	6.00%	10,139,800,000	10,139,800,000
Global Insurance Joint Stock Company	4.40%	17,600,000,000	17,600,000,000
Phu Hung Insurance Joint Stock Company	2.26%	8,000,000,000	8,000,000,000
Agriculture Bank Insurance Joint Stock Corporation	8.42%	32,000,000,000	32,000,000,000
Dai Nam Securities Joint Stock Company	1.68%	2,695,000,000	2,695,000,000
Hung Vuong Insurance Joint Stock Company	10.00%	30,000,000,000	30,000,000,000
Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank	5.47%	278,000,000,000	278,000,000,000
		476,140,070,000	476,140,070,000

At the date of these interim consolidated financial statements, the Corporation has assessed and made provision for impairment of equity investments as at 30 June 2017 based on the investees' financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017. For investees whose financial statements for 6-month period ended 30 June 2017 have not been available yet, the Corporation used the latest financial statements collected for assessment. Information on bonus shares received as at 30 June 2017 of these investees are as follows:

	Par value	Number of shares
Petrolimex Joint Stock Insurance Company	10,000	353,056
Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank	10,000	2,542,857
Post- Telecommunication Joint Stock Insurance Company	10,000	381,024
Sai Gon - Ha Long Hotel	10,000	96,000
FPT Joint Stock Company	10,000	15,000

Details of the associates of the Corporation as at 30 June 2017 are as follows:

Associates	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest %	Proportion of voting power held %	Principal activity
Samsung Vina Insurance Co., Ltd.	Ho Chi Minh City	25	25	Non-life insurance

Summary of financial information about Samsung Vina Insurance Co., Ltd. is presented as follows:

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Total assets	1,666,777,879,682	1,825,635,499,310
Total liabilities	831,352,936,906	1,014,424,351,084
Net assets	835,424,942,776	811,211,148,226
The Corporation's share of the associate's net assets	208,856,235,696	202,802,787,058
	Current period VND	Prior period VND
Revenue	147,328,757,938	110,589,829,990
Net profit	69,914,161,514	48,089,067,449
The Corporation's share of the associate's net profit	17,478,540,379	12,022,266,862
	Current period VND	Prior period VND
Opening balance	202,802,787,058	186,566,776,135
The Corporation's share of the associate's net profit	17,478,540,379	27,502,342,383
Effects of changing the profit/loss after the audit	(814,055,107)	-
Dividends received	(10,611,036,634)	(11,266,331,460)
Closing balance	208,856,235,696	202,802,787,058

- Summary of the performance of the associate in the period: the Corporation's associate has stable operation under registered operation sectors in the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017.
- The significant transactions between the Corporation and its associate in the period are as follows:
 - + The Corporation and Samsung Vina Insurance Co., Ltd. jointly enter into transactions of inward/ outward reinsurance premium, inward/outward reinsurance commissions, outward/inward reinsurance claim and dividend payment.

The fair value of these investments is determined as follows:

- The fair value of trading securities actively traded on financial markets is determined according to the closing price at the reporting date.
- At the reporting date, fair value of other investments of which information for fair value determination is inadequate shall not be determined.

7. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
Receivables from insurance contracts	932,111,971,125	671,608,358,009
- Receivables from inward reinsurance	461,437,370,270	318,381,313,467
- Receivables from outward reinsurance	457,560,777,005	337,470,356,660
- Other receivables from reinsurance activities	13,113,823,850	15,756,687,882
Other trade receivables	411,533,721,239	346,204,668,167
- Accrued gains on investments	71,676,173,364	87,350,808,582
- Other receivables related to swap contracts	324,610,000,000	245,322,000,000
- Other receivables	15,247,547,875	13,531,859,585
	1,343,645,692,364	1,017,813,026,176

8. PREPAID EXPENSES

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
a) Short-term	175,794,405,562	167,284,562,994
Unallocated commission expenses	168,557,249,516	162,868,724,418
- Opening balance	162,868,724,418	158,476,806,806
- Unallocated commission expenses incurred in the period/year	182,434,801,358	344,658,275,586
- Commission expenses allocated in the period/year	176,746,276,260	340,266,357,974
- Closing balance	168,557,249,516	162,868,724,418
Other prepaid expenses	7,237,156,046	4,415,838,576
b) Long-term	1,232,749,596	1,274,232,265
Golf card expenses	1,126,509,440	1,155,018,932
Other long-term prepaid expenses	106,240,156	119,213,333
	177,027,155,158	168,558,795,259

9. OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
Paragon Tower Project	20,620,952,000	20,620,952,000
Tincom Plaza (360 Giai Phong Street) Project	45,634,254,211	45,634,254,211
	66,255,206,211	66,255,206,211

Other long-term assets represent long-term deposits for contracts on properties purchase. The Board of General Directors has evaluated and believed there was no significant decline in impairment of the deposits.

10. INCREASES, DECREASES IN TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Buildings, structures	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Other fixed assets	Total
COST	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Opening balance	15,170,997,037	2,980,277,071	6,714,092,474	285,540,454	25,150,907,036
Closing balance	15,170,997,037	2,980,277,071	6,714,092,474	285,540,454	25,150,907,036
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
Opening balance	9,856,453,830	2,688,696,259	5,843,091,196	267,153,579	18,655,394,864
Additions	303,688,183	102,910,875	295,373,166	8,486,250	710,458,474
Closing balance	10,160,142,013	2,791,607,134	6,138,464,362	275,639,829	19,365,853,338
NET BOOK VALUE					
Closing balance	5,010,855,024	188,669,937	575,628,112	9,900,625	5,785,053,698
Opening balance	5,314,543,207	291,580,812	871,001,278	18,386,875	6,495,512,172

As at 30 June 2017, the total cost of tangible fixed assets includes VND 7,244,207,830 (as at 31 December 2016: VND 3,121,726,830) of assets which have been fully depreciated but are still in use.

11. INCREASES, DECREASES IN INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The balance of intangible assets as at 30 June 2017 mainly represents cost and accumulated amortisation of reinsurance software.

12. INCREASES, DECREASES IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Items	Opening balance VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	Closing balance VND
Investment properties held to earn rentals				
Cost	34,055,061,893	-	-	34,055,061,893
- Building (i)	34,055,061,893	-	-	34,055,061,893
Accumulated depreciation	21,654,461,076	708,605,761	-	22,363,066,837
- Building (i)	21,654,461,076	708,605,761	-	22,363,066,837
Net book value	12,400,600,817	-	-	11,691,995,056
- Building	12,400,600,817	-	-	11,691,995,056

(i) Represent the cost and accumulated depreciation of the building at No. 141 Le Duan Street, corresponding to the lease area.

According to Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 05 - *Investment Properties*, fair value of investment property as at 30 June 2017 is required to be disclosed. As assessed by the management, the value of the Corporation's investment property in accounting records has represented its fair value.

13. SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
Payables of insurance contracts	869,775,488,215	607,989,414,980
- Payables for inward reinsurance activities	372,161,078,723	229,001,466,355
- Payables for outward reinsurance activities	486,880,279,079	369,980,894,859
- Other payables for reinsurance activities	10,734,130,413	9,007,053,766
Other trade accounts payable	339,924,551,126	257,502,938,458
- Temporary Withholding Tax collection (2% of overseas reinsurance premium)	7,356,799,753	7,359,399,849
- Other payables related to swap contracts	331,146,045,000	247,769,600,000
- Other payables	1,421,706,373	2,373,938,609
	1,209,700,039,341	865,492,353,438

14. TAXES AND AMOUNTS PAYABLE TO THE STATE BUDGET

	Opening balance	Payable during	Paid during the	Closing balance
	VND	the period	period	VND
		VND	VND	VND
Value added tax on domestic sales	190,385,278	805,372,116	784,614,128	211,143,266
Corporate income tax	8,481,661,351	23,527,763,516	18,906,702,214	13,102,722,653
Personal income tax	349,681,103	4,664,779,991	4,485,177,886	529,283,208
Business license tax	-	4,000,000	4,000,000	-
Other taxes and charges payable	32,990,912	362,400,735	265,493,828	129,897,819
Total	9,054,718,644	29,364,316,358	24,445,988,056	13,973,046,946

15. OTHER PAYABLES

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
a) Short-term	124,743,587,446	118,071,345,335
Unearned commission income	117,468,772,615	112,089,806,982
- Opening balance	112,089,806,982	104,434,105,144
- Unearned commission income incurred in the period/year	124,526,894,215	227,498,858,783
- Commission income allocated in the period/year	119,147,928,582	219,843,156,945
- Closing balance	117,468,772,615	112,089,806,982
Other current payables	7,274,814,831	5,981,538,353
Dividends payable	1,685,502,000	-
Other payables	5,589,312,831	5,981,538,353
b) Long-term	3,216,822,676	3,216,822,676
Long-term deposits	3,216,822,676	3,216,822,676
	127,960,410,122	121,288,168,011

16. UNDER-WRITING RESERVES

Claim reserve and Unearned premium reserve	Closing balance		
	Inward reinsurance reserve	Outward reinsurance reserve	Net inward reinsurance reserve
	VND	VND	VND
I. Normal activities			
1. Claim reserve	1,541,169,271,098	1,140,203,405,586	400,965,865,512
Reserve for losses incurred and reported	1,457,309,832,627	1,084,278,514,201	373,031,318,426
Reserve for losses incurred not yet reported	83,859,438,471	55,924,891,385	27,934,547,086
2. Unearned premium reserve	803,087,522,355	550,835,942,686	252,251,579,669
II. Pilot agricultural insurance activities			
1. Claim reserve	13,140,338,090	11,881,295,610	1,259,042,480
Reserve for losses incurred and reported	13,140,338,090	11,881,295,610	1,259,042,480
Reserve for losses incurred not yet reported	-	-	-
2. Unearned premium reserve	-	-	-
	2,357,397,131,543	1,702,920,643,882	654,476,487,661

In which:

Claim reserve	Current period		
	Inward reinsurance claim reserve	Outward reinsurance claim reserve	Net inward reinsurance claim reserve
	VND	VND	VND
I. Normal activities			
Opening balance	1,569,647,935,058	1,174,195,287,768	395,452,647,290
(Reversal) in the period	(28,478,663,960)	(33,991,882,182)	5,513,218,222
II. Pilot agricultural insurance activities			
Opening balance	13,136,846,340	11,877,324,687	1,259,521,653
Increase in the period	3,491,750	3,970,923	(479,173)
Closing balance	1,554,309,609,188	1,152,084,701,196	402,224,907,992

Unearned premium reserve	Current period		
	Unearned inward reinsurance premium reserve	Unearned outward reinsurance premium reserve	Net unearned inward premium reinsurance reserve
	VND	VND	VND
I. Normal activities			
Opening balance	789,464,591,202	538,028,932,731	251,435,658,471
Increase in the period	13,622,931,153	12,807,009,955	815,921,198
Closing balance	803,087,522,355	550,835,942,686	252,251,579,669

Catastrophe reserve	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
I. Normal activities		
Opening balance	182,721,648,752	165,875,947,082
Increase in the period/year	9,714,632,035	16,845,701,670
II. Pilot agricultural insurance activities		
Opening balance	8,876,683,166	8,876,683,166
Increase in the period/year	479,173	-
Closing balance	201,313,443,126	191,598,331,918

17. OWNERS' EQUITY

	Owners' contributed capital	Share premium	Investment and development fund	Compulsory reserve fund	Retained earnings	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
<i>For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2016</i>						
Prior period's opening balance	1,310,759,370,000	566,368,537,309	191,870,712,711	103,484,887,493	450,515,403,971	2,622,998,911,484
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	111,085,920,267	111,085,920,267
Profit distribution to funds	-	-	2,206,599,697	5,516,499,243	(11,170,541,650)	(3,447,442,710)
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(131,075,937,000)	(131,075,937,000)
Current period's opening balance	1,310,759,370,000	566,368,537,309	194,077,312,408	109,001,386,736	419,354,845,588	2,599,561,452,041
<i>For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2017</i>						
Current period's opening balance	1,310,759,370,000	566,368,537,309	196,247,856,004	114,427,745,725	537,098,212,962	2,724,901,722,000
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	127,567,038,027	127,567,038,027
Profit distribution to funds (i)	-	-	2,413,910,084	6,034,775,211	(12,167,579,156)	(3,718,893,861)
Dividends declared (i)	-	-	-	-	(157,291,124,400)	(157,291,124,400)
Other decreases	-	-	-	-	(814,055,107)	(814,055,107)
Current period's closing balance	1,310,759,370,000	566,368,537,309	198,661,766,088	120,462,520,936	494,392,492,326	2,690,644,686,659

- (i) According to Resolution No. 07/2017/NQ-DHDCD dated 26 April 2017 by the Annual Shareholders' General Meeting of Vietnam National Reinsurance Joint Stock Corporation, the Board of Management declared the dividend payment for the year 2016 to the shareholders at the proportion of 12% of owner's contributed capital from the retained earnings, which is equivalent to VND 157,291,124,400 and, simultaneously, made temporary distribution of VND 12,167,579,156 to the funds from the profit for the year ending 31 December 2017.

Owners' contributed capital

As at 30 June 2017, the total capital actually contributed by shareholders and share premium are as follows:

	Contributed capital			
	Closing balance	Proportion	Opening balance	Proportion
	VND		VND	
Owners' contributed capital	1,310,759,370,000	100%	1,310,759,370,000	100%
State Capital Investment Corporation	529,060,350,000	40.36%	529,060,350,000	40.36%
Swiss Re Group	327,689,890,000	25.00%	327,689,890,000	25.00%
Other shareholders	454,009,130,000	34.64%	454,009,130,000	34.64%
Share premium	566,368,537,309		566,368,537,309	
	1,877,127,907,309		1,877,127,907,309	

Shares

	Closing balance	Opening balance
Number of shares registered to issue	131,075,937	131,075,937
Number of outstanding shares in circulation	131,075,937	131,075,937
Common shares	131,075,937	131,075,937

A common share has par value of VND 10,000.

18. REINSURANCE PREMIUM

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Inward reinsurance premium	871,037,564,785	905,126,456,484
<i>Energy insurance</i>	<i>4,186,752,921</i>	<i>10,453,997,905</i>
<i>Hull and P&I insurance</i>	<i>119,805,859,161</i>	<i>143,986,176,987</i>
<i>Cargo insurance</i>	<i>66,236,958,895</i>	<i>83,725,184,422</i>
<i>Engineering insurance</i>	<i>99,773,793,629</i>	<i>151,534,222,751</i>
<i>Fire and property insurance</i>	<i>244,460,023,297</i>	<i>278,936,072,175</i>
<i>Aviation insurance</i>	<i>18,151,167,100</i>	<i>16,087,955,187</i>
<i>Other insurance</i>	<i>318,423,009,782</i>	<i>220,402,847,057</i>
Deductions in inward reinsurance premium	(21,627,680,765)	(17,938,042,517)
Increase in unearned premium reserve for inward reinsurance	13,622,931,153	48,054,970,776
	835,786,952,867	839,133,443,191

19. OUTWARD REINSURANCE PREMIUM

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Total outward reinsurance premium	581,057,352,282	578,710,756,043
<i>Energy insurance</i>	2,626,149,837	7,184,759,606
<i>Hull and P&I insurance</i>	81,865,298,121	85,554,318,031
<i>Cargo insurance</i>	15,706,601,877	17,663,708,372
<i>Engineering insurance</i>	34,989,560,467	68,626,051,090
<i>Fire and property insurance</i>	176,889,347,111	203,706,368,730
<i>Aviation insurance</i>	17,396,126,751	15,443,995,738
<i>Other insurance</i>	251,584,268,118	180,531,554,476
Deductions in outward reinsurance premium	(9,576,715,501)	(4,179,667,001)
Increase in unearned premium reserve for outward reinsurance	12,807,009,955	37,802,557,283
	558,673,626,826	536,728,531,759

20. OTHER INCOME FROM INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Other receipts from inward reinsurance activities	46,400,665,978	38,292,328,741
Claim reserve released	41,490,869,311	38,292,328,741
Other receipts	4,909,796,667	-
Other receipts from outward reinsurance activities	51,861,800,208	47,407,260,703
Claim reserved retained	48,636,456,576	42,481,363,022
Other receipts	3,225,343,632	4,925,897,681
	98,262,466,186	85,699,589,444

21. TOTAL INSURANCE CLAIM SETTLEMENT EXPENSES

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Claim settlement expenses	482,969,993,728	636,151,190,038
<i>Energy insurance</i>	1,140,118,387	10,487,490,828
<i>Hull and P&I insurance</i>	31,692,354,021	76,329,498,102
<i>Cargo insurance</i>	14,438,194,421	67,671,093,907
<i>Engineering insurance</i>	64,761,421,438	133,131,364,421
<i>Fire and property insurance</i>	187,758,651,422	189,673,390,548
<i>Aviation insurance</i>	2,973,190,818	1,163,914,238
<i>Other insurance</i>	180,206,063,221	157,694,437,994
Claim receipts from ceded policies	354,853,428,274	467,484,148,779
(Decrease) in inward reinsurance claim reserve	(28,478,663,960)	(125,045,416,249)
(Decrease) in outward reinsurance claim reserve	(33,991,882,182)	(105,542,790,786)
	133,629,783,676	149,164,415,796

22. OTHER EXPENSES FOR INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Other payments for inward reinsurance activities	63,515,172,278	59,068,554,654
Claim reserve retained	52,441,901,926	48,767,458,320
Other expenses	11,073,270,352	10,301,096,334
Other payments for outward reinsurance activities	41,826,650,627	34,194,045,479
Claim reserve released	37,230,080,343	34,194,045,479
Other expenses	4,596,570,284	-
	105,341,822,905	93,262,600,133

23. FINANCIAL INCOME

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Interest on time deposits	78,645,261,389	62,999,690,274
Dividends and profits received	17,457,555,238	15,241,665,600
Interest on bonds, commercial bills	6,753,035,617	8,452,424,658
Interest on exchange differences	13,388,777,056	-
Interest on securities trading	4,951,787,395	575,479,692
Interest on demand deposits	125,476,232	153,152,166
Other financial income	-	199,872,337
	121,321,892,927	87,622,284,727

24. FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Loss on exchange differences	14,664,079,967	9,872,222,420
Expense on securities trading	83,079,303	45,055,501
(Reversal) of provision for impairment of investments	(1,259,102,375)	(9,679,234,958)
Others	9,903,107,589	7,966,535,494
	23,391,164,484	8,204,578,457

25. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Administrative staff expenses	26,784,195,975	25,187,871,115
Office expenses	151,314,499	475,233,126
Depreciation and amortisation	4,282,039,775	4,634,222,513
Taxes, fees and charges	1,070,758,960	1,051,141,159
Provision (reversal)/expense	(526,133,408)	497,052,459
Out-sourced services	2,391,812,560	1,778,406,719
Expenses for business transactions, conferences, advertising	2,960,077,431	2,799,420,821
Other administration expenses	2,739,991,458	1,750,483,807
	39,854,057,250	38,173,831,719

26. PRODUCTION COST BY NATURE

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Cost of insurance activities	424,055,760,255	431,903,579,746
Labour	26,784,195,975	25,187,871,115
Depreciation and amortisation	4,282,039,775	4,634,222,513
Out-sourced services	2,391,812,560	1,778,406,719
Provision (reversal)/expense	(526,133,408)	497,052,459
Other monetary expenses	6,922,142,348	6,076,278,913
	463,909,817,505	470,077,411,465

27. PILOT AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

On 01 March 2011, the Prime Minister issued Decision No. 315/QĐ-TTg on the pilot provision of agricultural insurance during 2011 - 2013 with objectives to help agricultural producers take the initiative in remedying and recovering from financial losses caused by natural disasters or epidemics, contributing to assuring social welfare in rural areas and promoting agricultural production. According to the Decision, the Corporation has responsibilities to undertake agricultural reinsurance under the guidance of the Ministry of Finance.

On 17 August 2011, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 121/2011/TT-BTC providing guidance on certain clauses of Decision No. 315/QĐ-TTg dated 01 March 2011 by the Prime Minister. Accordingly, insurance enterprises and the Corporation shall provide pilot agricultural insurance activities for non-profit purposes. Insurance enterprises have responsibilities to account for revenue and costs incurred from pilot agricultural insurance activities separately from other activities and any existing agricultural insurance activities. The retained insurance premium for the year, after deducting valid expenses, is supplemented to catastrophe reserve.

On 20 June 2012, the Ministry of Finance continued to issue Circular No. 101/2012/TT-BTC stipulating several financial issues for insurance enterprises and reinsurance enterprises who provide pilot agricultural insurance activities under Decision No. 315/QĐ-TTg dated 01 March 2011 by the Prime Minister. Accordingly, insurance enterprises and reinsurance enterprises have responsibilities to separately record the annual losses from their pilot agricultural insurance activities. Insurance enterprises and reinsurance enterprises shall account for losses from pilot agricultural insurance activities for the period in their income statements. In the case of losses incurred from pilot agricultural insurance activities, such losses will be carried forward to the following year as regulated by law.

From 2012, the Corporation started undertaking pilot agricultural insurance activities. Accumulated loss as at 31 December 2013 of the pilot agricultural insurance activities is VND 42,015,277,691.

According to Decision No. 315/QĐ-TTg, pilot agricultural insurance activities ended on 31 December 2013. The Corporation has been conducting procedures to finalize this activity with the Ministry of Finance. The final decision on the results of the Corporation's pilot provision of agricultural insurance will be made by the Ministry of Finance.

28. OPERATIONS OF OFFSHORE FISHING VESSEL INSURANCE

On 07 July 2014, the Government issued Decree No. 67/2014/ND-CP on some fisheries development policies, including regulations on insurance policy for the offshore fishing fleet ("fishing vessel insurance"). The Corporation undertakes this type of insurance, along with the local insurance companies, for supporting market and performing the policies as per the Government's objectives.

On 20 August 2014, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 116/2014/TT-BTC providing guidance on several financial issues to insurance activities as stipulated in Decree No. 67/2014/ND-CP on fisheries development policies. According to the provisions under Circular No. 116/2014/TT-BTC, the business results of fishing vessel insurance activities shall be included in the insurer's results. The insurance enterprise shall hold responsibility to separately monitor revenue, expenses and results of operations regarding this type of insurance. Profit from insurance activities (if any) shall be recorded to catastrophe reserves at the period end.

In 2016, the total positive operating result from fishing vessel insurance activities of VND 1,376,754,621 is allocated to catastrophe reserve.

29. CORPORATE INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>
Profit before tax	150,735,891,561	133,090,517,262
Adjustments for taxable profit		
Less: Non-taxable profit	(34,936,095,617)	(27,263,932,462)
Add: Non-deductible expenses	1,485,950,780	5,950,578,258
Add: Loss of subsidiary attributable to non-controlling interests	353,070,857	185,284,709
Taxable profit	117,638,817,581	111,962,447,767
Normal tax rate	20%	20%
Current corporate income tax payable	23,527,763,516	22,392,489,553
Deferred corporate tax expense	(5,839,125)	(202,607,849)

30. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earning per share attributable to ordinary share holders of the Corporation is based on following data:

	Unit	Current period	Prior period
Profit after corporate income tax	VND	127,213,967,170	110,900,635,558
Less: estimated amount accrued for bonus and welfare fund	VND	3,718,893,861	3,447,442,710
Less: (loss) after corporate income tax distributable to non-controlling interests	VND	(353,070,857)	(185,284,709)
Profit used to calculate basic earnings per share	VND	123,848,144,166	107,638,477,557
Average number of outstanding ordinary shares in circulation	Shares	131,075,937	131,075,937
Basic earnings per share	VND	945	821

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Capital risk management

The Corporation manages its capital to ensure that the Corporation will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Corporation only consists of equity attributable to shareholders (comprising capital, reserves and retained earnings).

Significant accounting policies

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted (including the criteria for recognition, the bases of measurement, and the bases for recognition of income and expenses) for each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 4.

Categories of financial instruments

	Carrying amounts	
	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	139,249,903,304	75,029,558,127
Trade receivables	1,290,037,119,988	961,424,021,468
Claim reserve for outward reinsurance	1,152,084,701,196	1,186,072,612,455
Short-term investments	1,841,352,533,800	2,045,815,094,125
Long-term investments	1,180,358,287,793	1,040,980,809,834
Total	5,603,082,546,081	5,309,322,096,009
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	1,204,025,802,880	858,132,953,589
Claim reserve for inward reinsurance	1,554,309,609,188	1,582,784,781,398
Long-term deposits received	3,216,822,676	3,216,822,676
Total	2,761,552,234,744	2,444,134,557,663

The Corporation has not assessed fair value of its financial assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date since there is no comprehensive guidance under Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 06 November 2009 ("Circular 210") and other relevant prevailing regulations to determine fair value of these financial assets and liabilities. While Circular 210 refers to the application of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") on presentation and disclosures of financial instruments, it did not adopt the equivalent guidance for the recognition and measurement of financial instruments, including application of fair value, in accordance with IFRS.

Financial risk management objectives

The Corporation has set up risk management system to identify and assess the risks exposed by the Corporation and designed control policies and procedures to manage those risks at an acceptable level. Risk management system is reviewed on a regular basis to reflect changes in market conditions and the Corporation's operations.

Financial risks include reinsurance risk, market risk (including foreign currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Reinsurance risk

The risks from insurance activities are risks arising from the portfolio that the Corporation reinsures. The level of risk depends on the underwriting processes:

- i) Assessing the reinsurance risk;
- ii) Pricing, assessing reinsurance ability;
- iii) Terms and conditions applied; and
- iv) Monitoring the concentration of risk and disaster risk.

The objective of the insurance risk management is to improve the quality of the risk portfolio insured by implementing the above processes sufficiently and appropriately. The risk arising from insurance activities may include:

- + Assessment on reinsurance risk is conducted inadequately, together with inappropriate terms and conditions;
- + Pricing is not reasonable with the risk insured;
- + Retrocession policies are inappropriate;
- + Claims are not properly handled;
- + Reserves are made inadequately;
- + Receivables from retrocession activities are unable to be collected.

Objectives, policies and processes of Insurance risk management

The ultimate goal of insurance risk management is to control insurance events that may affect the Corporation's financial position, equity and financial performance.

The Corporation's risk management policies are set up through establishing risk tolerances and detailing insurance/reinsurance guidelines such as guideline on treaty insurance/reinsurance, facultative insurance/reinsurance, and guideline on claim handling.

The Corporation sets up a system of insurance risk management at different levels in order to assure the effectiveness of risk management activities. The system of risk management of the Corporation is built from departmental to entity-wide levels. The Board of risk management plays an important role to ensure collaboration and connection among operational departments, the Board of Management and Board of General Directors of the Corporation.

The insurance risk management is supervised from top down through insurance and reinsurance guideline and insurance risk monitoring standards. The bottom-up reporting procedure is also established and performed periodically on weekly, monthly, and quarterly bases to ensure the effectiveness of the monitoring activities. Insurance risk management procedures are carried out systematically in order to identify, measure, control and handle risks to ensure that risk measurement criteria are kept within the allowed limits.

The Corporation applies various measures to detect risks including risk assessment, risk discussion in internal meetings, or experience from experts. Depending on the circumstances and characteristics of the risk which need to be measured, different quantitative and qualitative measurement methods can be applied. The qualitative method includes risk assessment by underwriting experts for individual transaction or risk portfolios. The quantitative measures include pricing and analysing the risk portfolio using historical statistical figures (premium, type of risk, loss, etc.).

The reinsurance and retrocession schemes play an important role in maintaining the level of risk exposed by the Corporation within the risk tolerance. The management thus holds responsibility to set up the risk tolerance level appropriate with business performance of the Corporation at certain period as well as approve the insurance and reinsurance schemes on annual basis.

Market risk

The Corporation's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and prices.

In the period, the Corporation has entered into currencies swap transactions with banks to mitigate foreign exchange risk.

Foreign currency risk management

To manage foreign currencies for reinsurance settlement, the Corporation undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise.

The carrying amounts of the Corporation's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the period are as follows:

	Assets		Liabilities	
	Closing balance	Opening balance	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND	VND	VND
United States Dollar (USD)	840,420,483,027	784,145,776,097	485,545,306,655	385,810,382,838
Euro (EUR)	5,075,186,353	4,452,085,435	886,857,340	829,359,140
Great Britain Pound (GBP)	5,418,293	6,273,683	12,629,730	14,273,797
Australian Dollar (AUD)	6,501,531	6,260,679	-	-
Singapore Dollar (SGD)	7,662,686	38,420,343	20,529,701	19,841,884
Japanese Yen (JPY)	299,261,022	280,835,199	101,661,586	94,571,524

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Corporation is mainly exposed to United States Dollar and Euro.

5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represent management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period-end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. For a 5% increase/decrease in the following foreign currencies against Vietnam Dong, the profit before tax in the period would increase/decrease by the respective amounts as follows:

	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>
United States Dollar (USD)	17,743,758,819	22,402,483,739
Euro (EUR)	209,416,451	58,803,896

Share price risk management

Shares held by the Corporation are affected by market risks arising from the uncertainty about future prices of such shares. The Corporation manages this risk exposure by setting up investment limits. The Corporation's Board of Management also assesses and approves decisions on share investments such as operating industry, investees, etc. The Corporation assesses the share price risk to be immaterial.

The Corporation is also exposed to equity price risks arising from investments in subsidiary and associate. The Corporation's Board of Management assesses and approves decisions on investments in subsidiary and associate such as operating industry, investees, etc. Investments in subsidiary and associate is held for long-term strategic investments rather than trading purposes. The Corporation does not have intention to trade these investments in the foreseeable future.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Corporation. The Corporation has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. The Corporation's business operation is reinsurance, accordingly, the Corporation's credit risk mainly focuses on clients operating in direct insurance. As at the interim consolidated balance sheet date, there is credit risk arising on the amounts due from customer receivables. The Corporation has made sufficient provision for such receivables.

Liquidity risk management

The purpose of liquidity risk management is to ensure the availability of funds to meet present and future financial obligations. Liquidity is also managed by ensuring that the excess of maturing liabilities over maturing assets in any period is kept to manageable levels relative to the amount of funds that the Corporation believes can generate within that period. The Corporation's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that the Corporation maintains sufficient reserves of cash, and adequate committed funding from its shareholders to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer terms.

The following tables detail the Corporation's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial assets and undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Corporation can be required to pay. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Corporation's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

VIETNAM NATIONAL REINSURANCE JOINT STOCK CORPORATION **FORM B 09a-DNPNT**
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>From 1 - 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>
Closing balance				
Cash and cash equivalents	139,249,903,304	-	-	139,249,903,304
Trade receivables	1,290,037,119,988	-	-	1,290,037,119,988
Claim reserve for outward reinsurance	1,152,084,701,196	-	-	1,152,084,701,196
Short-term investments	1,841,352,533,800	-	-	1,841,352,533,800
Long-term investments	-	706,919,278,751	473,439,009,042	1,180,358,287,793
Total	4,422,724,258,288	706,919,278,751	473,439,009,042	5,603,082,546,081
Closing balance				
Trade and other payables	1,204,028,741,588	-	-	1,204,028,741,588
Claim reserve for inward reinsurance	1,554,309,609,188	-	-	1,554,309,609,188
Long-term deposits received	-	3,216,822,676	-	3,216,822,676
Total	2,758,338,350,776	3,216,822,676	-	2,761,555,173,452
Net liquidity gap	1,664,385,907,512	703,702,456,075	473,439,009,042	2,841,527,372,629
	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>From 1 - 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>
Opening balance				
Cash and cash equivalents	75,029,558,127	-	-	75,029,558,127
Trade receivables	961,424,021,468	-	-	961,424,021,468
Claim reserve for outward reinsurance	1,186,072,612,455	-	-	1,186,072,612,455
Short-term investments	2,045,815,094,125	-	-	2,045,815,094,125
Long-term investments	-	566,799,388,303	474,181,421,531	1,040,980,809,834
Total	4,268,341,286,175	566,799,388,303	474,181,421,531	5,309,322,096,009
Opening balance				
Trade and other payables	858,132,953,589	-	-	858,132,953,589
Claim reserve for inward reinsurance	1,582,784,781,398	-	-	1,582,784,781,398
Long-term deposits received	-	3,216,822,676	-	3,216,822,676
Total	2,440,917,734,987	3,216,822,676	-	2,444,134,557,663
Net liquidity gap	1,827,423,551,188	563,582,565,627	474,181,421,531	2,865,187,538,346

The Board of General Directors assessed the liquidity risk at low level. The Board of General Directors believes that the Corporation will be able to generate sufficient funds to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due.

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

List of related parties:

Related parties	Relationship
State Capital Investment Corporation	Major shareholder
Swiss Re Group	Major shareholder
Bao Minh Insurance Joint Stock Corporation	Same owner
Samsung Vina Insurance Co., Ltd.	Associate

During the period, the Corporation entered into the following significant transactions with its related parties:

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
<u>Swiss Re Group</u>		
Outward reinsurance premium	87,252,475,960	103,191,731,149
Outward reinsurance commission	25,449,385,102	31,712,403,847
Receipt from outward reinsurance claim	47,677,397,317	77,151,500,481
Dividends paid	39,322,786,800	16,384,494,500
<u>Bao Minh Insurance Joint Stock Corporation</u>		
Outward reinsurance premium	39,815,468,223	45,406,007,515
Outward reinsurance commission	8,669,959,678	10,711,986,862
Receipt from outward reinsurance claim	25,406,766,576	45,540,832,119
Inward reinsurance premium	26,639,362,403	24,696,157,472
Inward reinsurance commission	4,212,660,917	4,005,718,048
Claim settlements of inward reinsurance	10,808,393,069	58,762,331,719
<u>Samsung Vina Insurance Co., Ltd.</u>		
Outward reinsurance premium	10,499,927	329,194,757
Outward reinsurance commission	3,177,147	88,379,115
Receipt from outward reinsurance claim	903,668,993	503,532,392
Inward reinsurance premium	66,973,327,340	69,067,273,949
Inward reinsurance commission	13,842,880,108	14,530,472,510
Claim settlements of inward reinsurance	95,896,898,451	177,157,977,068
Dividends received	10,611,036,634	11,266,331,460
<u>State Capital Investment Corporation</u>		
Dividends paid	63,487,242,000	52,906,035,000
<u>The Board of General Directors</u>		
Remuneration for the period	3,177,576,259	3,061,164,312

Related party balances as at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	<u>Closing balance</u> VND	<u>Opening balance</u> VND
<u>Swiss Re Group</u>		
Receivables from outward reinsurance activities	39,106,728,562	25,903,088,783
Payables for outward reinsurance activities	57,733,295,572	31,056,314,263
<u>Bao Minh Insurance Joint Stock Corporation</u>		
Receivables from inward reinsurance activities	39,363,208,968	23,440,118,803
Receivables from outward reinsurance activities	41,881,905,714	26,931,803,881
Payables for inward reinsurance activities	47,348,412,251	38,154,412,640
Payables for outward reinsurance activities	38,945,956,621	18,737,586,375
<u>Samsung Vina Insurance Co., Ltd.</u>		
Receivables from inward reinsurance activities	13,998,843,800	2,611,924,141
Receivables from outward reinsurance activities	417,870,198	211,198,065
Payables for inward reinsurance activities	46,306,043,710	980,251,389
Payables for outward reinsurance activities	6,395,432	163,404,126

33. FINANCIAL RATIOS

<u>Items</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Closing balance</u>	<u>Opening</u>
1. Assets and resources structure arrangement			
1.1. Assets structure arrangement			
- Non-current assets/Total assets	%	22.74	21.66
- Current assets/Total assets	%	77.26	78.34
1.2. Capital structure arrangement			
- Liabilities/Total resources	%	59.19	56.61
- Owners' equity/Total resources	%	40.81	43.39
2. Liquidity			
2.1. Short-term liability liquidity	times	1.31	1.39
2.2. Quick liquidity	times	0.50	0.59
<u>Items</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
3. Profit ratio			
3.1. Profit/Revenue ratio			
- Profit before tax/Revenue ratio	%	24.19	22.15
- Profit after tax/Revenue ratio	%	20.41	18.46
3.2. Profit/Total assets ratio			
- Profit before tax/Total assets ratio	%	2.26	2.06
- Profit after tax/Total assets ratio	%	1.91	1.72
3.3. Profit after tax/Owners' equity ratio	%	4.73	4.27

34. BUSINESS SEGMENT REPORT

The Corporation's principal activities are reinsurance business and investments funded from idle capital resources, which is a part of reinsurance business cycle. Investments in other business activities are insignificant. Therefore, the Board of General Directors made an assessment and believes that the fact that no report on segment information is made is in line with the Corporation's current business operation.

35. SUMMARY OF CLAIMS

Payment year	Accident year			Total
	2015	2016	2017	
	VND	VND	VND	VND
I. Accumulated claim reserve amount				
	248,736,491,785	176,193,190,022	66,548,224,193	491,477,906,000
Claim reserve amount accumulated to the current year (1)				
II. Accumulated paid claim amount				
As at year end of losses	34,833,941,435	28,175,082,983	2,786,673,502	65,795,697,920
After 1 year	102,927,202,983	52,203,419,089	-	155,130,622,072
After 2 years	23,116,802,087	-	-	23,116,802,087
Paid claim amount accumulated to the current year (2)	160,877,946,505	80,378,502,072	2,786,673,502	244,043,122,079
III. Total outstanding claim reserve (3)=(1)-(2)	87,858,545,280	95,814,687,950	63,761,550,691	247,434,783,921
Outstanding claim reserve for previous years' losses				125,596,534,505
Total outstanding claim reserve at the period-end				373,031,318,426

36. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

There is no subsequent event occurring after the balance sheet date that has significant effect on the Corporation's operation and its financial performance.



Nguyen Thanh Cong
Preparer



Luu Thi Viet Hoa
Chief Accountant



Pham Cong Tu
General Director

Hanoi, 14 August 2017